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Starter

The alphabet & Spelling

1.2 Listen and repeat.

Ad Cc Dd Ee Ff Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz



In English, when a name contains double letters, e.g. II, we read them as double I not 2 I, Milles. M-I-double L-E-S NOT: M-I-2L-E-S

(1) 1.3 Listen and choose the correct name.

1 A Bil

2 A Maia

3 A Juan

4 A Teresa

B Bill

B Maya

B Huan

B Tereza

a) (1) 1.4 Listen and read the dialogue.

- A Hello, I'm Mrs Drake. I'm your new teacher. What's your name?
- B Hello, Mrs Drake. I'm Alexis.
- And your surname?
- B Wallace.
- A How do you spell it?
- B W A double L A C E.



- 1 Jennifer Matthews
- 3 Emma Cooper
- 2 Richard Hughes
- 4 Ethan Davies



b) Act out similar dialogues. Use the names (1-4) in the box.



4 (1) 1.5 Listen and repeat.



two seven seventeen

three eight 13 thirteen 18 eighteen

four 9 nine 14 fourteen 19 nineteen

5 five 10 ten 15 fifteen 20 twenty



In English, when we use 0 (zero) in telephone numbers, we say *oh* NOT zero.

Asking about telephone numbers

5 Ask and answer, as in the example.

1 A: What's your telephone number?B: It's two-six-five-oh-eight-two-seven-eight.

1 26508278 2 55243089 3 22943318 4 72098632 5 37025921

13

80

5

Numbers 21-100

6 (1) 1.6 Listen and repeat.

Note!

In English, when we write a compound number (any number made up of two words), we use a hyphen in between them. 46 forty-six

21	twenty-one	27	twenty-seven	60	sixty
	twenty-one		twenty-seven	OU	SIALY

twenty-two 28 twenty-eight 70 seventy

23 twenty-three 29 twenty-nine 80 eighty

24 twenty-four 30 thirty 90 ninety

25 twenty-five 40 forty 100 a/one hundred

26 twenty-six 50 fifty

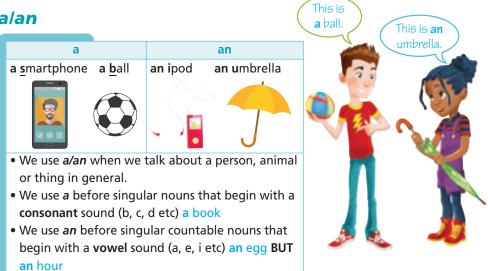
7 (1) 1.7 Listen and circle the number you hear.

1 12 20 **3** 50 15 **5** 30 **2** 10 100 **4** 42 24 **6** 8

Starter

8 Read the theory.





Fill in: a or an.





Colours

11 a) Write the colours.

- brown purple pink grey green red yellow black orange
- blue white











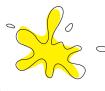












_____8



3

__ •

b) (1) 1.9 Listen and check, then repeat. Complete the sentence.

My favourite colour is ______

the

We use *the* when we talk about something specific or something mentioned before. The pen on the desk is Mary's. This is a smartphone. The smartphone is black.

12 Fill in a/an or the, then circle the correct colour.

1) 1.10 Listen and check.



This is ____ anorak. ___ anorak is pink/white.



This is ____ purse. ___ purse is green/purple.



This is _____ alarm clock. ____ alarm clock is **yellow/black**.



This is ____ watch. ___ watch is purple/blue.



This is ____ umbrella. ____ umbrella is red/black.



This is _____ e-reader. ____ e-reader is grey/brown.



This is _____ sharpener. ____ sharpener is orange/yellow.



This is _____ schoolbag. ____ schoolbag is pink/green.

Starter

Greetings

13 () 1.11 Listen and repeat.













Greetings – Introducing yourself/others

14 a) Complete the dialogue with the phrases below.

• Goodbye • Hello • This is • Nice to meet you



Use Mr/Mrs/Ms + person's surname to address your teacher. Hello Ms Green. (NOT: Hello Kate or Hello teacher.)

Mrs White:	1) name?	_ , I'm Mrs White. What's your	
Nat:	Hello, Mrs White. My name 2)		
Mrs White:	3)	, Barry.	
Barry:	Nice to meet you, too. 4) _	!	
Mrs White:	Bye.		

b) Listen and check. Then, read the dialogue aloud.

Classroom language

15 ◀) 1.13 Listen and repeat.





We use the imperative to give: an order Stand up.; instructions Open your book on p. 25.

Imperative

	form	example
affirmative	base form of the verb	Open your books.
negative	Don't + base form of the verb	Don't open your books.

Make imperative sentences. Then, your partner acts out what you ask him/her to do.

Student A: Stand up, please. Student B: (stands up)

· Hello!



What's in this module?

Vocabulary

- countries
- nationalities
- sports
- family members
- appearance
- character

• Grammar

- definite article the
- can
- subject personal pronouns
- possessive adjectives
- to be
- have got
- possessive case ('s/of the)
- adjectives

Speaking

- describe people
- present a family

Writing

- a blog entry about yourself
- an article about a superhero

• CLIL (Geography): The UK

- Culture: A British superhero
- Values: Family

John the USA Camila Brazil Argentina

Vocabulary

Countries & Nationalities

Look at the map. Match the countries on the map to the nationalities.

1	<u>Canada</u> – Canadian	8	– Chinese
2	– British	9	– Russian
3	– Australian	10	– Spanish
4	– South African	11	– Egyptian
5	– American	12	– Greek
6	– a New Zealander	13	– Turkish
7	– Brazilian	14	– Argentinian

Note!

We do not use *the* with most names of countries. Poland Countries with State, Kingdom or Republic in their name take *the*. the USA



A: Where's <u>Ann</u> from? B: <u>She</u>'s from <u>Canada</u>. <u>She</u>'s <u>Canadian</u>. A: Where's John from?
B: He's from the USA.
He's American.

4 Complete the sentences.

I'm from _____ (country). I'm ____ (nationality).





5 Read the table. Ask and answer questions about the sports in Ex 4.

can



A: Can you play football? B: Yes, I can./No, I can't.

6 Tell the class what your partner can/can't do.

Peter can play football, basketball and tennis. He can't do martial arts or gymnastics.

Writing (a blog entry about yourself)

7 Complete the profile about yourself. Then, write a blog entry about yourself (30 words).

1 - 1
6 m
_

Hello! I'm _	and
I'm	_years old. I'm
from	I'm good
at	



Linkers: and, or and: link similar ideas or: link two or more alternatives

o Grammar



- We use it for animals and things.
- We use *they* for people, animals or things.

Subject personal pronouns/Possessive adjectives

subject personal pronouns	possessive adjectives
I	my
you	your
he	his
she	her
it	its
we	our
you	your
they	their



Read the theory box. Then, match the sentences.

I am Tony.

You're Australian. (2)

He's Alan. 🔞

She's 12. <a>\textcolor{1}{\textcolor{1}{2}}

It's my book. 6

Paul and Mary are British. (3)

- Their teacher is Mr Brown.
- Its colour is black.
- His friend is Laura.
- Your friend is Australian, too!
- My friend is Eric.
- Her name is Amy.
- Complete the gaps with the correct subject pronoun or possessive adjective.

1 Julie and I are friends. _____ home is in London.

2 This is Mario and Lyn. _____ friend is Rosa.

3 We're Greek. _____ friends are Greek, too.

4 This is Tom. ______ is from Canada.

5 Jane is from the UK. _____ is 10 years old.

Look at the pictures. Read the sentences (1-5) and choose the correct item. Then, complete the gaps with the correct words (A-E).













1 I'm Julie and this is her/my ______.

2 This is Jake and this is his/your ___

3 I'm Anna and this is my/his brother Ben. This is your/our _____.

4 This is Jessica and this is her/its

5 Tim and Paul are friends and this is your/their ___



The verb to be

affirmative	negative	interrogative	short answers
l am ('m)	l am not ('m not)	Am I?	Yes, I am./No, I'm not.
You are ('re)	You are not (aren't)	Are you?	Yes, you are./No, you're not.
He/She/It is ('s)	He/She/It is not (isn't)	Is he/she/it?	Yes, he/she/it is. No, he/she/it isn't.
We/You/They are ('re)	We/You/They are not (aren't)	Are we/you/ they?	Yes, we/you/they are. No, we/you/they aren't.

Read the table. Then, match sentences 1-6 to sentences a-f. Then complete the gaps.

Pam <u>isn't</u> 10 years old. 🕕 🔨	We Australian
They Spanish. ②	I Canadian.
I British. 🗿	It in the UK.
We Russian. 😃	She <u>is</u> 12.
London in the USA. ⑤	You 10.
You 12 years old. (3)	They Brazilian

Read the text. Complete the questions, then answer them.



1	ls Peter from the USA?	Yes, he is.
2	he 11?	
3	Kate and Peter best friends?	
4	Kate 11 years old?	
5	basketball their favourite sport?	

6 Make sentences that are true about you. Use the affirmative or negative.

1	1	15 years old.
2	My best friend	from Greece.
3	My favourite sport	tennis.
4	My friends	14 years old.
5	Our favourite colou	r green.
6	I	good at tennis.

- Vocabulary



possession or relation. Tony's book

Tony's dad

express

3 Draw your family tree. Present your family to the class.

9 Alex is Anna's

10 Tom is Anna's

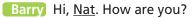
4 Sue is Anna's

5 Anna is Mary's

Everyday English • 1d

Describing people

111 Look at the picture. Who are the girls? Listen to and read the dialogue to find out.



Nat Hi, Barry. I'm great thanks. And you?

Barry Not bad. Hey, who's that girl over there?

Nat Who? ... The tall thin one?

Barry No, that's my cousin Jessica. The short one.

Nat Oh, that's my friend Mary.

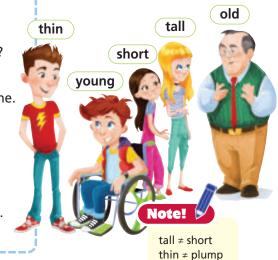
Barry Where's she from?

Nat Australia. She's Australian.

Barry How old is she?

Nat She's 11. Come on, let's go and say hello.

Barry Cool!



young ≠ old

plump

Word

How old: asks for Where: asks about place Who: asks about people

Peter **14 USA**

1 Who is Barry's cousin?

2 Where is Mary from? _____

3 How old is Mary? _____



Look at the picture. Complete the dialogue. Act it out in the class.

A	Hi,	How are you?
---	-----	--------------

Hi, . I'm thanks. And you?

______. Who's that ______ over there?

Who? ... The _____ _____one?

No, that's ______ one.

Oh, that's _____

Where's _____from?

_____. He's _____.

______. Come on, let's go and say hello.

Cool!

Pronunciation /ʃ/, /s/

■) 1.18 Listen and tick (✓). Listen again and repeat.

	/ʃ/	/s/
short		
sister		

	/ʃ/	/s/
son		
she		

	/ʃ/	/s/
British		
Sydney		

1e - Grammar

have got (affirmative/negative)

affirmative	negative
l/You have got ('ve got)	I/You have not got (haven't got)
He/She/It has got ('s got)	He/She/It has not got (hasn't got)
We/You/They have got ('ve got)	We/You/They have not got (haven't got)



l've got a dog. I haven't got a cat. Mona has got a cat.



Co.	70
A	parrot
	rabbit
	10///

		Gary	Helen
1	hamster	✓	
I	parrot		✓
I	goldfish	✓	✓
	rabbit		✓
	frog	✓	

1 Gary has got a hamster.

2 Gary ______ a parrot.

3 Gary and Helen _____ a goldfish.

4 Helen ______ a rabbit.5 Helen ______ a frog.

6 Gary ______ a frog.



Correct the sentences as in the example.

- 1 Kelly has got a cat. (a dog) No! Kelly hasn't got a cat. She's got a dog.
- 2 Joey has got a brother. (a sister)
- 3 They have got a daughter. (a son)
- 4 I have got a parrot. (a frog)



's is the short form of the third person singular (he/she/it) of the verbs have got and be (is). He's got a cat. = He has got a cat. He's eleven. = He is eleven.

Rewrite the sentences, as in the examples.

1	Paul's from the UK	Paul is from the UK.
2	Steve's got a rabbit	Steve has got a rabbit.
3	Mary's American.	
4	Tony's got a hamster.	

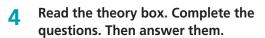
5 Bob's got a sister.

Yes, I have. Her

name's Iris.

have got (interrogative & short answers)

4				
	interrogative	short answers		
	Have I/you got?	Yes, I/you have./No, I/you haven't.		
	Has he/she/it got	Yes, he/she/it has./		
	?	No, he/she/it hasn't.		
	Have we/you/they	Yes, we/you/they have./		
	got?	No, we/you/they haven't.		
	l			



1	"	Have	_you go	<u>t</u> a c	at?" "Yes, I	have	<u> </u>		
2	"		_ Jack	a l	brother?" "\	Yes, he _		"	
3	"		_ they	a	frog?" "No,	they		"	
4	"		_ Julie	a	sister?" "No	, she		"	
5	"		_ Zack and y	ou	a han	nster?"	"Yes, we		′

Have you got a

sister, Helen?

Form complete questions, then answer them as in the example.

1	you/a big family?	Have you got a big family? Yes, I have.
2	your best friend/brother?	
3	you/a sister?	
4	your parents/cat?	





Possessive case ('s – of the)

one person + 's	two people + 's		
Mary's aunt	Bob and Al's dog		
Note: We do not use 's for objects. We use of the. The colour of the book is blue. (NOT: The book's colour.)			

- Read the theory box. Then, choose the correct item.
 - 1 It's the book of the girls/girl's book.
 - 2 The bag's colour/colour of the bag is red.
 - 3 Kate's sister/The sister of Kate has got a frog.
 - 4 Mark and Sam's dog/The dog of Mark and Sam is small.



Write questions and answers as in the example.

1	book? Ann	Whose is this book? It's Ann's book.
2	hamster? Mario	
3	ball? Tom and Peter	



Captain Britain is a famous superhero in the UK. His real name is Brian Braddock.

Who's a famous superhero in your

Superman's home is in the USA.
 Superman's best friend is Alex.
 Superman and Supergirl are from the same planet.
 Supergirl can disappear.

Speaking

Use the nouns to make sentences about the superheroes.

- Krypton Smallville Clark Kent Martha
- Lois
 Kara Zor-El
 Fred Danvers
 Alex

Study skills

Understanding texts

Think of what you know about the topic. This helps you understand the text.

country?



Adjectives

In English, adjectives do not change in gender or in number. They go before a noun but after the verb *to be*. Ann is tall. She's got a **clever** parrot. Her parrot is clever.

Vocabulary

Character adjectives

1.20 Listen and repeat.











1 kind

2 funny

3 friendly

4 polite

5 clever

Write the names of four of your family members. Ask and answer as in the example.

A: Who's Paul?

A: What is he like?

Paul Helen Mary Ted

B: He's my dad.

B: He's clever.



Listening

1.21 Listen and complete the gaps (1-5).

Name: The Flash

Where from: Missouri, 1)

Real name: 2) ______Allen

Appearance: 3) _____ and strong

Character: 4)

Family: husband of Iris West, **5)** _____ of Wally West (the third Flash)

Capital letters

We use capital letters:

- when we start a sentence. We are 12.
- with proper names. Bob, Smith, Portugal
- with the subject personal pronoun I. Tim and I are friends.
- with months/days of the week. April, Sunday

Writing (an article about a superhero)

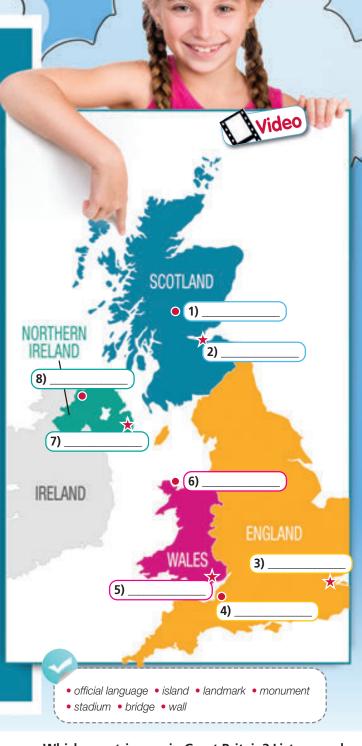
- Rewrite the sentences. Use capital letters where needed.
 - 1 spider-man's real name is peter parker.
 - 2 his aunt may parker is from new york. ______
 - 3 peter's favourite day is sunday.
- Use the information in Ex. 6 to write an article about the Flash (40 words). Pay attention to capital letters.
- **Think** Create your own superhero. Present him/her to the class. Think about: name – where from – appearance – character.

O CLIL (Geography)



England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland are parts of the United Kingdom (UK). London is the capital city. English is the official language. Great Britain is the island with England, Wales and Scotland.

- ★ Edinburgh is the capital city of Scotland.
 A famous landmark in Edinburgh is
 Edinburgh Castle.
- Stirling is a city in Scotland. A famous landmark in Stirling is the William Wallace Monument.
- London is the capital city of England.
 A famous landmark in London is the
 Palace of Westminster.
- Bath is a city in England. A famous landmark in Bath is the ancient Roman Spa.
- ★ Cardiff is the capital city of Wales. A famous landmark in Cardiff is the Millennium Stadium.
- Bangor is a city in Wales. A famous landmark in Bangor is the Menai Straits Bridge.
- ★ Belfast is the capital city of Northern Ireland. A famous landmark in Belfast is the Albert Clock.
- Derry is a city in Northern Ireland. A famous landmark in Derry is the old City Wall.



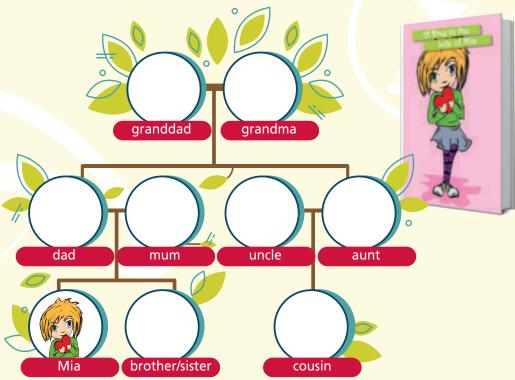


We do not use the with names of cities, towns or villages.

- 1 (1) 1.22 Look at the map. Which countries are in Great Britain? Listen, read and check.
- 2 Read the texts and complete the cities on the map. Choose one part of the UK and present it to the class.
- 3 Collect information about your country under the headings: country capital city other cities landmarks. Present your country to the class.

Project Time 1

1 Mia is the hero of your new book *A Day in the Life of Mia*. Create a family for Mia. Draw the pictures of the people in her family tree.



2 Copy and complete the table below for each of Mia's family members in your notebook.

Family member	Name	Age	Appearance	Character
granddad	Jerry	63	tall and plump	funny

Presentation Skills

3 Use the family tree in Ex. 1 and your notes in Ex. 2 to present Mia's family to the class.

This is Mia's family. Her <u>granddad</u>'s name is <u>Jerry</u>. <u>He</u> is <u>63</u> years old. <u>He</u> is <u>tall</u> and plump. <u>He</u> is <u>funny</u>. etc.

	VALUES	Family is not o	an important thing. It's everything. Michael J. Fo
4	Family Think Explain the sayings.		In time of test, family is best. Burmese Proverb
5	Think Complete the sentence. Use one of these words: the best, everything, special.		
	My family is	·	See Song Section p. 106

Progress Check

Vocabulary

1 Write the nationalities.

1	Canada	_	
2	China	_	
2	China	_	

- 3 Brazil _____
- 4 the UK –
- 5 the USA _____
- **7** Complete the pairs.

1	mum	- d
2	grandma	- g
3	uncle	- a
4	brother	- s
5	wife	– h
6	con	٨

3 Look at the pictures and choose the correct word.



- 1 Mark is a polite/funny boy.
- 2 Sylvia is friendly/clever.
- 3 Steve is very funny/polite.
- 4 Julie is funny/kind.
- 5 Sam is kind/clever.

5 x 1 = 5

4 Look at the picture and choose the correct words.

Amanda is 1) tall/short and 2) thin/plump.

She's also very 3) old/young.



 $6 \times 1 = 6$

Grammar

- 5 Complete the sentences with can (\checkmark) or can't (x).
 - 1 They _____ do martial arts. (X)
 - 2 Ann _____ do gymnastics. (🗸)
 - **3** We _____ play football. (✓)
 - 4 You _____ play basketball. (X)
 - **5** I _____ run fast. (✓)

 $5 \times 1 = 5$

- 6 Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb to be.
 - 1 His sister ______ beautiful.
 - **2** I ______ in Canada.
 - **3** We _____ from New Zealand.
 - 4 They _____ British.

 $4 \times 1 = 4$

- 7 Complete the questions with is or are. Then answer them.
 - 1 "_____ Steve your friend?" "Yes,
 - 2 "______her name Carol?" "No, it
 - 3 "______you from the UK?" "Yes, I
 - 4 "_____ Ted and Mary from Russia?"
 "No, they ______."
 - 0 X I =
- Fill in the gaps with the correct form of have got.
 - **1** Jane ______ two brothers. (✓)
 - 2 _____ Henry and Bob _____ a sister?
 - 3 We ______ a dog. (✗)
 4 I ______ a frog. (✓)
 - 5 ______ Jim _____ two cousins?

5 x 1 = 5

- Choose the correct item.
 - 1 Ann's/Anns' brother is tall.
 - 2 The book's colour/colour of the book is red.
 - 3 The girl's cat/cat of the girl is Fluffy.
 - 4 The bike of the boy/boy's bike is red.

4 x 1 = 4

Everyday English

- 1 Complete the dialogue. Use:
 - Let's go and say hello.
 - That's my friend Joey.
 - Hey, who's that boy over there?
 - The short thin one?

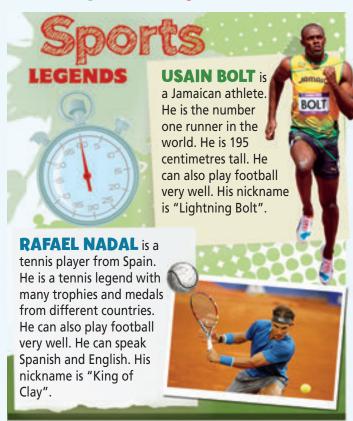
A	Hi Jade. 1)

- B Who? ... 2) _____
- A No. 3) _____ The tall one.
- B Oh, that's my cousin Eric. He's eleven and he's very kind. 4) _____
- A Cool!

 $4 \times 2 = 8$

Reading

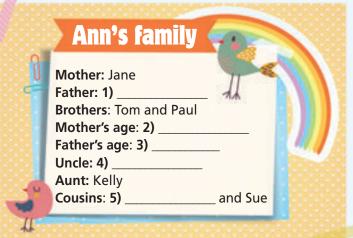
11 Read and decide if the sentences are R (right) or W (wrong).



- **1** Usain Bolt can run very fast.
- 2 Usain Bolt is tall.
- 3 Rafael Nadal is Italian.
- 4 Rafael Nadal is good at football.

Listening

12 (1) 1.23 Listen to Ann talking about her family. Complete the gaps (1-5).



5 x 3 = 15

Writing

13 Write a blog entry about your e-friend (40 words). Write: name – age – nationality – village/town/city – sport he/she can do – character – appearance.

16 points

TOTAL: 100 points

Competences

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Good 😾 Very Good 💢 Excellent 💢

Now I can ...

Vocabulary

- talk about countries & nationalities *
- talk about sports *
- talk about family members ☆☆☆
- talk about people's appearance & character * * * * * *

Reading

identify R/W statements

Listening

listen for specific information (gap fill)

Speaking

- describe people ☆☆☆
- present your country
- present a family ☆☆☆

Writing

- write a blog entry about myself ☆☆☆
- write an article about a superhero ☆☆☆