Konnie Karma

REAL

The

Express Publishing

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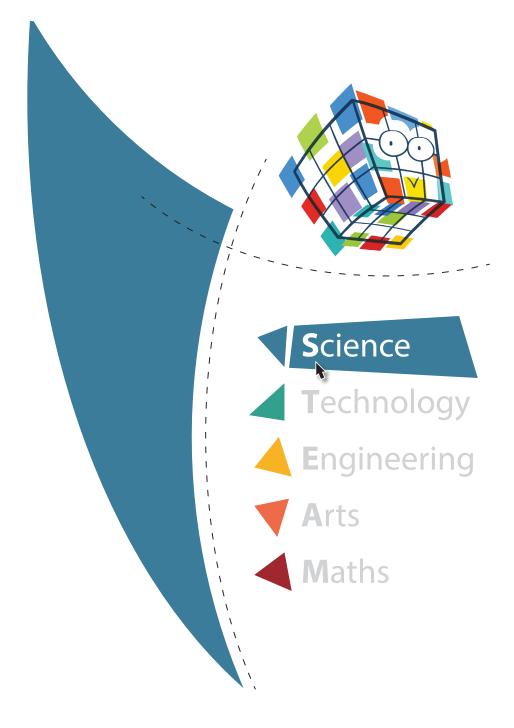
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SCIENCE



STEAM (SCIENCE)

NATURAL DISASTERS

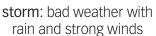
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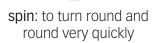
'What is a natural disaster? What happens during a natural disaster?' To try and answer these questions, let's find out more about tornadoes.



natural disaster: any sudden event in nature that causes a lot of damage









column: something that has got a tall thin shape



damage: physical harm to something

A iWonder

What natural disasters do you know? Write their names below.

? Read the descriptions of natural disasters and label the pictures.

earthquake: a sudden shaking of the ground
flood: a very large amount of water that covers the ground
tornado: a very strong storm with winds that move in a circle
tsunami: a huge wave in the sea

3









4

NATURAL DISASTERS

STEAM (SCIENCE)

Why do you think we call them 'natural' disasters? Talk with a partner. 3

B ilmagine

Look at the things below. How can we use them to do an experiment and Δ understand what happens during a tornado? Talk with your partner.







an empty glass jar with a lid

water

washing-up liquid

glitter



- A tornado is a spinning column of air between a storm cloud and the ground.
- Most tornadoes happen in the USA. There are about 1,200 tornadoes every year.
- Some tornadoes are so strong that they can carry objects several kilometres away!



5

6

Let's do the experiment. What are the steps?

- Fill ³/₄ of a jar with water.
- Add two drops of washing-up liquid.
- Put some glitter into the jar.
- Put the lid on the jar.
- Start shaking the jar in a circle as fast as you can for about 20 seconds. What happens?





Scientists in the USA and Canada use the Fujita Scale to put tornadoes in groups, according to their wind speed and the damage they cause. The weakest tornadoes (EF0) cause small damage; the strongest (EF5) cause very bad damage.

D iObserve

What do you observe? Tell your partner.

- 1 What happens inside the jar?
- 2 What does a tornado look like? Use your own words to describe it to your partner.



TEAM (SCIENCE)

NATURAL DISASTERS

E iCreate

Tornadoes are very dangerous. What can people do to stay safe? In pairs, look at the pictures below and think. Then put a tick (\checkmark) next to the things people should do and a cross (x) next to the things people shouldn't do.



8 In groups, design a poster about how people can stay safe during a tornado. Use the ideas in Ex. 7 and your own ideas, too. Add photos or drawings to show what people should/shouldn't do during a tornado.

F iEvaluate

- Answer the questions.
 - 1 What did you know about tornadoes?
 - 2 What did you learn about tornadoes?
 - 3 What else would you like to learn about tornadoes?

iExtend

Research online and collect more information about the Fujita Scale. You can also find videos to show the different types of tornadoes (EF0 – EF5) and the damage they cause. Prepare and give a short presentation to the class.

Complete the Evaluation Form at the back of the book.



The REAL STEAM is a five-level series for students at CEFR levels Pre-A1 to B2 that promotes experiential and holistic language learning through STEAM activities. Students carry out a variety of scientific experiments, engineering projects, mathematical calculations and art projects, all carefully tailored to their language level. The series provides hands-on activities for students to explore the STEAM world through six collaborative steps: *iWonder* (asking questions), *ilmagine* (preparing for the activity), *iExplore* (doing the activity), *iObserve* (making observations), *iCreate* (presenting results) and *iEvaluate* (analysing results).

The REAL

Components

- Student's Book
- Teacher's lesson plans (downloadable)





