

## HELLO!

p. 4

## UNIT 1 THE 7-DAY WEEK

1a Reading ............................................ p. 8
1b Grammar in Use ............................... p. 10
1c Vocabulary......................................... p. 12
1d Listening Skills ................................... p. 13
1e Speaking Skills .................................. p. 14
1f Writing Skills ..................................... p. 15

## UNIT 2 TRAVEL STORIES

2a Reading ............................................. p. 16
2b Grammar in Use ............................... p. 18
2c Vocabulary......................................... p. 20
2d Listening Skills ................................... p. 21
2e Speaking Skills .................................. p. 22
2f Writing Skills ..................................... p. 23
REVISION A UNITS 1-2 ......................................... p. 24
UNIT 3 DID IT REALLY HAPPEN?
3a Reading ............................................ p. 26
3b Grammar in Use ............................... p. 28
3c Vocabulary........................................ p. 30
3d Listening Skills .................................... p. 31
3e Speaking skills .................................. p. 32
$3 f$ Writing Skills ..................................... p. 33

## UNIT 4 WATCH OUT!

4a Reading ............................................. p. 34
4b Grammar in Use .............................. p. 36
4c Vocabulary......................................... p. 38
4d Listening Skills ................................... p. 39
4 e Speaking Skills ................................. p. 40
4 f Writing Skills ...................................... p. 41
REVISION B UNITS 3-4 ........................................ p. 42

## UNIT 5 IT'S IN THE STARS

| 5a | Reading | p. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5b | Grammar in Use | p. 46 |
| 5c | Vocabulary.. | p. 48 |
| 5d | Listening Skills. | p. 49 |
| 5e | Speaking Skills | p. 50 |
| $5 f$ | Writing Skills | p. 51 |

## UNIT 6 WHAT'S ON?

6a Reading ............................................ p. 52

6b Grammar in Use ............................... p. 54
6c Vocabulary......................................... p. 56
6d Listening Skills ................................... p. 57
6e Speaking Skills ................................. p. 58
$6 f$ Writing Skills ...................................... p. 59
REVISION C UNITS 5-6 ......................................... p. 60

## UNIT 7 TECH HOMES

| 7a | Reading | p. 62 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7b | Grammar in Use | p. 64 |
| 7c | Vocabulary.. | p. 66 |
| 7d | Listening Skills . | p. 67 |
| 7e | Speaking Skills | p. 68 |
| 7f | Writing Skills | p. 69 |

## UNIT 8



MONEY MATTERS

| 8a | Reading ...................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................... | 77 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8b | Grammar in Use | 78 |

## UNIT 9 ALL IN A DAY'S WORK

| 9a | Reading | p. 80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9b | Grammar in Use | p. 82 |
| 9c | Vocabulary... | p. 84 |
| 9d | Listening Skills. | p. 85 |
| 9e | Speaking Skills | p. 86 |
| 9 f | Writing Skills | p. 87 |

## UNIT 10 SEE THE WORLD!

10a Reading ............................................. p. 88
10b Grammar in Use ............................... p. 90
10c Vocabulary........................................ p. 92
10d Listening Skills .................................... p. 93
10e Speaking Skills ................................. p. 94
10f Writing Skills ..................................... p. 95
REVISION E UNITS 9-10 ....................................... p. 96

GRAMMAR BOOK
p. 99

HELLO! The verb to be; The verb have got; can/can't; Personal subject \& object pronouns; Possessive adjectives/Possessive pronouns; Plurals; there is/there are;

UNIT 1 Present simple; Adverbs of frequency; Present continuous; Present simple vs Present continuous - Stative verbs . p. 104

UNIT 2 Past simple; Adverbs ................................... p. 110
UNIT 3 Past continuous; Past continuous/ Past simple - while/when.. p. 113

UNIT 4 Present perfect; have been to - have gone to; Present perfect vs Past simple .............. p. 116
UNIT 5 Future simple (will) - may; be going to; Present continuous (future meaning) p. 120

UNIT 6 (to-) infinitive;-ing form; Reflexive pronouns p. 123
UNIT 7 Modal verbs (must/mustn't - have to/ not have to); can/could - should/shouldn't p. 127
UNIT 8 Conditional type 1; Indefinite pronouns ..... p. 129
UNIT 9 Comparisons - (not) as ... as; too-enough p. 132
UNIT 10 Countable/Uncountable nouns - a/an some/any; Quantifiers; a/an - the p. 135

IRREGULAR VERBS ........................................................ p. 138
STEAM ACTIVITIES ........................................................ p. STEAM 1


[^0]1

* Read the text and complete the sentences.

1 On the International Space Station, astronauts do chores in $\qquad$
2 Before doing chores, they get $\qquad$
3 Using an ordinary vacuum cleaner can be dangerous in space because $\qquad$ _.
4 Special vacuum cleaners in space look like $\qquad$
5 Peter's favourite chore is $\qquad$
$2 \star \star$ Read the text and decide if the statements (1-6) are true (T), false (F) or doesn't say (DS).

1 Peter uses an ordinary vacuum cleaner to clean the space station.
2 It's quicker to vacuum everywhere in space.
3 The kitchen is always quite clean and tidy.
4 The astronauts add water to their food before they eat it.
5 It takes a long time to warm up food in space.
6 The astronauts take out the rubbish every morning.
$3 \star \star \star$ Answer the questions.
1 What is the size of the International Space Station?

2 Why isn't the kitchen messy?

3 What happens to the rubbish the astronauts send into space?

## VOCABULARY

## Housework

$\star$ Choose the correct verb.


1 Paul does/cleans
the washing-up after dinner.

3 Danielle makes/ takes the rubbish out after dinner.



2 Lucy vacuums/ dusts the carpets at the weekend.


4 Ollie loads/hangs out the dishwasher after lunch.
$5 \star \star$ Fill in makes, do, dusts, hang out or set.
1 Can you $\qquad$ the washing-up?
2 Joanne always helps her dad to $\qquad$ the washing.
3 Rupert $\qquad$ his bed every morning.
4 Kim, can you $\qquad$ the table for dinner, please?
5 My sister $\qquad$ the furniture on Saturday mornings.
$\star \star$ Complete the gaps with carpets, beds, rubbish, kitchen or machine.

1 Patrick cleans the $\qquad$ after lunch at weekends.
2 OK, children, it's time to make the $\qquad$ $!$
3 My sister usually empties the washing $\qquad$ in the morning.
4 I take the $\qquad$ out after school every day.
5 Laura vacuums the $\qquad$ on Sundays.
$7 \star \star \star$ Complete each person's housework.
 different days. Monday is my day! First, I wake up and 1) $\qquad$ my bed. After my shower, I 2) $\qquad$ the table
for breakfast. Then we all eat breakfast together and talk about our plans for the week. After breakfast, I 3) $\qquad$ the kitchen and 4) $\qquad$ the dishwasher with our plates and glasses. Then, I go to school! After school, in the afternoon, । 5) $\qquad$ the carpets and 6) $\qquad$ the furniture. After that, I do my homework. I don't 7) $\qquad$ the dinner; my mum does that. After dinner 18 ) $\qquad$ washing-up and 9) $\qquad$ the rubbish out. And that's what I do every Monday!
What's your routine like? What housework do you usually do? Let me know in the comments!


## PRESENT SIMPLE ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

Put the verbs in brackets into the present simple.

1 Vicky $\qquad$ (empty) the dishwasher
every morning.
2 (you/cook) dinner for your family?
3 My dad $\qquad$ (do) the ironing on Thursdays.
4 My parents $\qquad$ (not/make) our beds - my sister and I do it.
5 Eddy $\qquad$ (vacuum) the carpets on Sunday mornings.

6 for her family?
7 Laura and Matt $\qquad$ (not/do) the washing-up; they use a dishwasher.

* Tick $(\checkmark)$ the appropriate gap to show the correct position of the adverb of frequency.

1 | $\qquad$ cook $\qquad$ dinner at the weekend. (never)
2 Milly $\qquad$ is $\qquad$ early for school. (usually)
3 They $\qquad$ dust $\qquad$ the furniture on Saturdays. (often)
4 We $\qquad$ are $\qquad$ in the kitchen at $80^{\prime}$ clock for breakfast. (always)
5 Tom $\qquad$ loads $\qquad$ the dishwasher. (hardly ever)

```
\(\star \star\) Put the verbs in brackets into the present simple. Then, complete the short answers.
```

1 A: $\qquad$ (you/ usually/do) housework after school? B: No, I $\qquad$ -.
2 A:
(Philip and Emma/always/hang out) the washing together?
B: Yes, they $\qquad$ _.
3 A: $\qquad$ (Fred/cook) every day?
B: Yes, he $\qquad$ .
4 A: $\qquad$ (Kelly/ often/do) the ironing?
B: No, she $\qquad$ .
5 $\qquad$ (you/have)
a washing machine?
B: Yes, we $\qquad$ -.
$\star \star \star$ Put the verbs in brackets into the present simple.

1 A: $\qquad$ (Amy/know) how to use the dishwasher?

B: Yes, she $\qquad$ (load) it every day.

2 A: $\qquad$ (your parents/wake up) early?
B: Yes. $\qquad$ (they/ get up) very early.
3 A: Sam $\qquad$ (cook) well.
B: That's true. But he $\qquad$ (not/ clean) the kitchen!
4 A: What $\qquad$ (Anna/do) after school?
B: She $\qquad$ (usually/do) her homework.
5 A: You $\qquad$ (never/eat) breakfast.

B: | know! But I $\qquad$ (always/have) a big lunch!

## PRESENT CONTINUOUS

$5 \star$ Fill in are or is. Then, complete the short answers.

1 $\qquad$ Yes, _.
2 $\qquad$ you cooking dinner this evening, Ryan? Yes, $\qquad$ -.
3 $\qquad$ Richard and Ella setting the table? No, $\qquad$ —.
4 $\qquad$ you and Donna doing the ironing this weekend? Yes, $\qquad$ -.
5 $\qquad$ ng the washing-up? No, .
$\star \star$ Put the verbs in brackets into the present continuous.

1 A: What $\qquad$ (you/do)?
B: । $\qquad$ (make) the beds.

2 A: Where is Max? He $\qquad$ (not/ do) the washing-up.
B: He $\qquad$ (take) the rubbish out.
3 A: $\qquad$ (David/sleep)?
B: No, he $\qquad$ (dust) the furniture.
A: Sandy and I $\qquad$ (go) to the park this afternoon. Do you want to come?
B: Oh, I can't. I $\qquad$ (vacuum) all the carpets in the house today!
5
A: Mum tonight. She's tired.

B: I know. Dad $\qquad$ (get) us pizza.
$\star \star \star$ Choose the correct verbs from the list and complete the email. Put the verbs into the present continuous.

- clean • do • not/come • vacuum • dust
- hang out • come

```
I'm really sorry, but | 1)
```

$\qquad$

``` to the beach today. Our grandparents 2) to stay at our house tomorrow, and we 3)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` all the housework before they come! This evening, l 4)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` the kitchen, my
sister 5)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` the furniture, and my parents 6)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` the carpets. After
that, I 7)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` the washing. I can come to the park for a while, though! Can we meet at 2 o'clock?
```


## PRESENT SIMPLE VS

 PRESENT CONTINUOUS -
## STATIVE VERBS

$8 \star$ Choose the correct option.
1 I am liking/like this food.
2 We are dusting/dust the furniture now.
3 He knows/is knowing how to use the dishwasher.
4 John is making/makes his bed every morning.
5 My brother and I are vacuuming/vacuum the carpets at the moment.
6 I am needing/need to clean the kitchen now.
7 My parents are getting/get a new washing machine tomorrow.
8 Do you often cook/Are you often cooking on your own?
$9 \star \star$ Put the verbs in brackets into the present simple or the present continuous.
 Great! Jessica 7)_( $\quad$ (live)
near me, so I can go there any time. See you
later!

Charlie 09:45
$\star \star \star$ Read the email and choose the correct option (A, B or C).

| New message | - $\iota^{7} \times$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| To Lauren Subject summer camp |  |
|  |  |
| Hi Lauren! |  |
| 1) ___ a great time at summer camp. I really |  |
| 2) ____ it here! We 3) ___ sports every day. This |  |
| afternoon, we 4) ___ football, my favourite sport. |  |
| We have many chores, too. We 5) ___ our beds |  |
| every morning, and then we 6) $\qquad$ the kitchen after breakfast. We usually 7) $\qquad$ the washing-up, |  |
|  |  |
| too. OK, I have to go. What's it like at your summer camp? Write back! |  |
|  |  |
| Dan |  |
| A © ® ® | Cancel |



| $\mathbf{1}$ | A have | B am having | C are having |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | A love | B loving | C | loves |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | A are doing | B doing | C | do |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | A play | B are playing | C | am playing |
| 5 | A makes | B are making | C | make |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | A clean | B are cleaning | C | am cleaning |
| 7 | A doing | B do | C are doing |  |

$\star \star \star$ Correct the verbs. Use the present simple or the present continuous.

1 He do the washing-up every day. $\qquad$
2 She miss her cousins. $\qquad$
3 It play with its ball all day. $\qquad$
4 He watching his favourite football match at the moment. $\qquad$ -

5 She empty the washing machine twice a week.

DAILY ROUTINE
$1 \star$ Choose the correct option.

get up/ get dressed

have a shower/ get dressed

catch the bus/ go to the gym
$2 \star \star$ Complete the gaps with bed, shower, home, bus, lunch or laptop.

1 Jeremy has $\qquad$ with his friends at school.
2 What time does your dad come back $\qquad$ from work?
3 Tilly and Jess catch the $\qquad$ to school at $8 o^{\prime}$ clock in the morning.
4 My brother goes to $\qquad$ after dinner.
5 Linda sometimes works on her $\qquad$ to do some homework online.
6 Dylan has a $\qquad$ before he goes to school.

3 $\star \star \star$ Complete Mar
verbs from the list.

- cook • finish • get • go • work • have • catch

Hi everybody!
On Wednesdays, I 1) $\qquad$ up at about 7 o'clock and I have a shower. Then, I get dressed and 2) $\qquad$ breakfast in the kitchen with my mum and dad. I 3) $\qquad$ the bus to school at about $8 o^{\prime}$ clock. I have lunch with my friends at 1 o'clock. Lessons 4) $\qquad$ at 3, but I sometimes 5) $\qquad$ on my laptop in the school library after school. I usually 6) $\qquad$ dinner for my family at 6 and then (7) $\qquad$ to bed at about 11 o'clock. What about you?
$\qquad$

FREE-TIME ACTIVITIES
4. $\star$ Choose the correct option.

do karate/puzzles

watch a film/a fashion show

do puzzles/chores

play the guitar/basketball

go dancing/jogging

go to the park/the beach
$5 \star \star$ Match the words to form complete phrases.

| $1)$ | go to |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2) | go |
| 3 | collect |
| 4 | do |
| 5 | play |

A fishing
B chores
C the shopping centre
D basketball
E coins
6 from the list below.

- going to • playing (x2) • going • collecting
- doing • watching


Blog About me Contact
This is a photo of me and my friends. We are very different people. Steve likes 1) $\qquad$ action figures. He has got over 50 of them. He likes $\mathbf{2}$ ) $\qquad$ computer games too. Jack is the boy in the middle of the picture. He doesn't like staying at home. He likes 3) $\qquad$ exercise. He enjoys 4) $\qquad$ tennis in the park and 5) $\qquad$ the gym. That's me on the right of the picture. I like 6) $\qquad$ films. Jack and Steve sometimes come to the cinema with me. I like 7) $\qquad$ shopping too, but Jack and Steve don't enjoy it so I go by myself. Jack and Steve are a lot of fun!

## LISTENING SKILLS 92 d



* You are going to hear a teenager talking about her daily routine and free-time activities. Listen and complete the gaps.
(1) Monica wakes up at $\qquad$
(2) Some days, Monica doesn't go for a run, she goes to $\qquad$ -.
(3) At nine o'clock, Monica bus to college.
(4) After doing housework, Monica sets the table and
(5) At the weekend, Monica sometimes goes to $\qquad$ with her friends.
 talking about household chores. Listen and decide if the sentences are true ( $T$ ) or false (F).

1 Jenny is vacuuming the carpets.
2 Jenny often breaks things when she is doing chores.
3 Harry doesn't help with the chores. $\qquad$
4 Jenny doesn't want to do the ironing.
5 Harry is learning how to iron today.
 conversations. For questions 1-8, choose the conversations. For questions 1-8, choose the correct answer (A, B or C).

## Conversation 1

1 What does Ciaran do first every morning?
A make a drink
B clean the kitchen
C do exercise
2 What does David hate doing in the morning?
A drinking coffee
B exercising
C cleaning
Conversation 2
3 When does Helen have dance class?
A Tuesday
B Friday
C at the weekend
4 What does Josh need to do this weekend?
A vacuum the carpets
B dust the furniture
C do the ironing

## Conversation 3

5 What subject does Liz need help with?
A geography
B maths
C history
6 Who does Liz say she can ask for help with her homework?
A her teacher
B the librarian
C her dad
Conversation 4
7 What chore does Charles want to do?
A empty the dishwasher
B make dinner
C set the table
8 What time does Charles' mum need to pick up his sister?
A quarter past five
B twenty past four
C half past four

# Ie <br> <br> INVITING  <br> <br> INVITING ACCEPTING/REFUSING 

ACCEPTING/REFUSING}

## $1 \star$ Match the exchanges.

(1) What time are you going?

2 Listen, are you free tomorrow morning? I'm afraid I can't.
4 Why are you asking? Would you like to come too?

A Sounds cool! Id love to.
B I'm going to the beach with Paul.
C What a pity.
D I'm meeting Jeremy at five.
E No, I'm afraid not.
$2 \star \star$ Choose the correct option.
1 A: Let's go to the park.
B: a I like it a lot. b Sure, why not?
2 A: Would you like to come too?
B: a Ind love to. b What a pity.
3 A: What time are you going?
B: a On Sunday. b We are meeting at nine.
4 A: Are you free tomorrow afternoon?
B: a What a great idea.
b I'm afraid not.
5 A: Does that work for you?
B: a Not really. b Not bad at all.

## $3 \star \star$ Read the exchanges and fill in the gaps with these sentences.

- Are you free tomorrow? - Do you want to come
- Ind love to. • Why don't you work in the park today?
- I'm sorry.

A: 1) $\qquad$ to my place?
B: Ism afraid I can't. I have a lot of homework.

A: Would you like to go to the park after school?
B: 2) $\qquad$ It's a fantastic day!

$\star \star \star$ Complete the dialogue with the sentences below. One sentence is extra.

- See you then! • I'm afraid I can't meet you at six.
- Would you like to come? • Are you free tonight?
- Why are you asking? • Not really. •I'd love to.


Alex: Hi Jen, 1)
Jen: Hi Alex. I think so. 2)
Alex: Well, there's a new film I want to see. Becky and I are going to the cinema.
3)

Jen: That sounds like fun. 4)
Alex: Great! I'm meeting Becky at six at a café.
Jon: What a pity. 5)
Ism having dinner with my parents.
Alex: We can go later. Are you free at nine?
Jen: Nine is great for me!
Alex: Great! 6)
$5 \star \star \star$ Put the dialogue into the correct order.
A Ism meeting Ben at the bus stop at three.
(B) Three is great for me. See you then!

C Ism going to the beach with Ben. Would you like to come?
D Sure. Why are you asking?
(E) Maybe. What time are you going?

F Hi Jack! Are you free this afternoon?

$4 \quad \star \star$ Read the remarks (1-5) and mark them as opening ( 0 ) or closing (C).

1 Hi! How's everything?
2 Let me know!
3 Hey Francine. How's it going?
4 Call me!
5 Talk soon, take care!
$5 \star \star$ Look at the information and answer the questions.

Name: Jack (Joe's friend)
Now: load dishwasher vacuum carpets

Sunday plans:
play football in park with team - invite Joe to join in - can meet outside park at 11:00 - have lunch together afterwards


1 What is Jack doing right now?

2 What is Jack doing on Sunday?

3 Where and when are they meeting?
$\qquad$
$6 \star \star \star$ Use the information in Ex. 5 to complete the email.


Hi Joe!
How are you? I'm doing some chores at home now. 1) $\qquad$ My parents are
away for the weekend. On Sunday, 2) in the park.
Do you want to come with me? We can meet
3)

Then, we can 4)
$\qquad$
. Let me know.

## Talk soon,

Jack

## PRESENT SIMPLE

| Affirmative | Negative |
| :--- | :--- |
| I/You run. | I/You do not/don't run. |
| He/She/It runs. | He/She/It does not/ <br> doesn't run. <br> We/You/They do not/ <br> We/You/They run. <br> don't run. |
| Interrogative | Short answers |
| Do I/you run? | Yes, I/you do. <br> No, I/you don't. |
| Does he/she/it run? | Yes, he/she/it does. <br> No, he/she/it doesn't. <br> Yes, we/you/they do. <br> Do, we/you/they don't. |
| Do we/you/they run? |  |

## Use

We use the present simple to describe:

- repeated actions, habits and daily routines.

We do our chores every Saturday. (repeated action)
She watches TV in the evenings. (habit)
I make my bed every morning. (daily routine)

- permanent states Helen works at a school.

Spelling (3rd person singular)

- We add -es to verbs that end in -ss, -sh, -ch, -x or -o. I miss - he misses, I wash - he washes,
I match - he matches, I fix - he fixes, I go - he goes
- Verbs ending in a consonant $+-y$, drop the $-y$ and take -ies. I study - he studies
- Verbs ending in a vowel + -y, take -s. I play - he plays


## Pronunciation

We pronounce the $-s /$-es in the third person singular as follows:

- /s/ with verbs ending in /f/, /k/,/p/ and /t/ sounds. look - looks
- /iz/ with verbs ending in /s/, /f/, /ts/, /dz/ and /z/ sounds. watch - watches
- /z/ with verbs ending in all other sounds. love - loves

Time phrases used with the present simple: usually, always, every morning/evening/afternoon/night, in the morning/evening/afternoon, at night, at noon, on Mondays/Tuesdays, at the weekend, etc.
$1 \star$ Choose the correct option.
1 Peter vacuums/vacuum the carpets every Saturday morning.
2 Fay and Maya doesn't meet/don't meet their friends every day.
3 How often do you do/you do the ironing?
4 Anita doesn't drink/drinks milk in the morning.
5 Do your friends live/lives near you?
6 The children makes/make their beds every day.
$2 \star$ Write the third person singular of the verbs in the correct box, as in the examples.

- stay • wash • dust • enjoy • teach
- change • help • surf • carry • kiss • cook
- leave • study • surprise



## $3 \star \star$ Put the verbs in brackets into the present simple.

1 A: Kendra does (do) lots of chores.
B: Yes, she and her brother $\qquad$ (spend) Saturday and Sunday mornings cleaning the house.

2 A: $\qquad$ (you/do) the laundry?
B: Well, I $\qquad$ (load) the washing machine, but my mum (hang out) the washing.

3 A: I'm sure Ken is a great cook. He $\qquad$ (work) in a famous restaurant.
B: Actually, he $\qquad$ (not/cook) there. He $\qquad$ (clean) tables.
4 A: help) with dinner?
B: She $\qquad$ (not/know)
how to cook, but she
(set) the table every evening.
5 A: How $\qquad$ (your mum/ get) to work every day?
B: She $\qquad$ (catch) the bus.
a) $\star \star \star$ Use the verbs in the list in the present simple to complete the gaps.

- you/do • come • set • not/take • open • start
- get up • relax • make • cook • you/help


Hi everyone! Today, let's talk about housework. 1) Do you do chores every day? । 2)
my bed after I 3) $\qquad$ every day. In the evening, | 4) $\qquad$ the table for
dinner. I 5) $\qquad$ the rubbish out.
That's Joe's job. Joe is my brother. On Saturday morning,
Joe and I 6) $\qquad$ our own breakfast.
Our mum and dad 7) $\qquad$ their
shop early on Saturdays, so they 8) $\qquad$ the house at 6:30 am! We 9) $\qquad$
lunch, though. Mum 10) $\qquad$ work at noon and 11) $\qquad$ home at about 12:30. After she 12) $\qquad$ for some time, she 13) $\qquad$ cooking lunch.
What about you? 14) $\qquad$ with
chores at home? Post a comment about the chores you do around the house.

## Share it!

Posted on May 11
10 comments
b) $\star \star \star$ Expand the prompts into full questions. Then, complete the short answers.

1 Olly/make/his bed/in the morning?
Does Olly make his bed in the morning?
Yes, he does.
2 Olly/take/the rubbish out?

No, $\qquad$ _.
3 Olly and Joe's parents/work/on Saturdays? $\qquad$

Yes, $\qquad$ -.
4 Olly and Joe/cook/lunch/every Saturday? $\qquad$

No, $\qquad$ _.
5 Olly and Joe's dad/finish/work/at noon/on Saturday?

No, $\qquad$ _.
6 their mum/relax/after work? $\qquad$

Yes, $\qquad$ -.

## ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

- We use adverbs of frequency to show how often something happens. We always make our beds. (How often do we make our beds? Always.) Some of these are: always (100\%), usually (90\%), often (80\%), sometimes (40\%), hardly ever (5\%), never (0\%).
- Adverbs of frequency go:
- before the main verb (run, make, etc).
l often wash the car on a Sunday.
- after the verb to be.

She is usually home in the evenings.

- after the auxiliary do/does.

She doesn't usually go out to dinner.
Note: The adverbs never and hardly ever have a negative meaning. We do not use them with the word not. He hardly ever cooks. (NOT: He hardlyever doesn't cook.)

## $5 \star$ Tick $(\checkmark)$ the appropriate gap to show the

 correct position of the adverb of frequency.1 He $\checkmark$ vacuums the carpets on Sundays $\qquad$ . (sometimes)
2 I__ don't ___ load the dishwasher in the evening. (always)
3 Bob $\qquad$ does $\qquad$ the ironing. (never)
4 They__ are $\qquad$ at the mall on Friday afternoon. (often)
5 She $\qquad$ doesn't $\qquad$ go shopping on Mondays. (usually)
$\star \star$ Make sentences using the adverbs of frequency from the key, as in the example.

| always ***** <br> usually **** | often *** <br> sometimes ** | hardly ever * <br> never 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

1 John/do/the washing-up (*)
John hardly ever does the washing-up.
2 we/clean/the kitchen (*****)

3 do/you/cook/breakfast? (**)

4 Lisa/do/not/set/the table (****)

5 they/are/at work/on Sunday (0)

6 Chris/help/me/with my chores (***)

## PRESENT CONTINUOUS



Use
We use the present continuous for:

- actions that are happening now, while we are speaking. Frank is cleaning the windows now.
- actions happening around the time of speaking. They are visiting their grandparents this week.
- future arrangements. My friends are coming to my house for lunch on Sunday.


## Spelling

- Most verbs add -ing. say - saying, walk - walking
- Verbs ending in -e drop the -e and add -ing. dance - dancing, come - coming
- Verbs ending in one stressed vowel between two consonants double the last consonant and add
-ing. stop - stopping, sit - sitting
BUT answer - answering (unstressed vowel)
- Verbs ending in a consonant + vowel + -I, double the -I and add -ing.
control - controlling, travel - travelling
- Verbs ending in -ie, drop the -ie and add $-y+-i n g$. tie - tying

Time phrases used with the present continuous: now, at the moment, at present, these days, tomorrow, next week, tonight, still, etc.

## $7 \star$ Write the -ing form of the verbs.


$\star \star$ Use the verbs in the list in the present continuous to describe the pictures.

- dust • do • empty • take • set • make


1 Fiona is dusting the furniture.


3 Jonas and his dad
the table.


5 Jin and Ali $\qquad$ ___ the washingup.


2 Stephen $\qquad$ ___ his bed.


4 Tyrell $\qquad$ the washing machine.


6 Stella $\qquad$ out._thern
$9 \star \star$ Put the verbs in brackets into the present continuous.

1 A: What are you doing (you/do), Jane?
B: | $\qquad$ (cut) up some vegetables to make dinner.
2 A:
(George and Kelly/come) around tomorrow?
B: Yes, but they
(not/stay) for lunch.
3 A: Can I help you with your chores? I $\qquad$ -
$\qquad$ (not/study) at the moment, so I have some free time.
B: Great! I $\qquad$ (clean) the kitchen. Can you help with that?

## 4

4 A: Bill $\qquad$ (work) at his uncle's shop all this week.
B: Oh, that's why he $\qquad$ (not/go) to basketball practice.
a) $\begin{aligned} & \star \star \star \\ & \text { Use the verbs in the list in the present }\end{aligned}$ continuous to complete the dialogue.

- call • not/work • load • plan • wait
- not/do • drive • try • not/go • relax

Kent: Hi, Ben. Are you busy? I 1) 'm calling to ask for your help.
Ben: Hi, Kent. No, I 2) $\qquad$ anything at the moment. I 3) $\qquad$ in my bedroom. How can I help you?
Kent: Well, I 4) $\qquad$ to do the laundry, but I don't know how our new washer works! I know you have the same one in your house. Maybe you can tell me how to use it.
Ben: Sorry, Kent, I don't know how ours works, but you're in luck! My mum 5) $\qquad$ the washing machine right now. She can tell you what to do.
Kent: That's great! Oh, and another thing. We
6) $\qquad$ to go to the mall tomorrow afternoon. Do you want to come with us? My dad
7) $\qquad$ this week, so he
8) $\qquad$ us there.
Ben: Sure. Tomorrow's OK with me. I 9) $\qquad$ to my German lesson because our teacher is away this week.
Kent: OK. I 10) $\qquad$ for your mum's call. See you soon.
b) $\star \star \star$ Use the prompts to form questions. Then, complete the short answers.

1 Kent/call/to ask for help?
Is Ken calling to ask for help? Yes, he is.
2 Ben/do/chores/at the moment?

No, $\qquad$ _.
3 Ben's mum/do/the laundry/now?

Yes, $\qquad$ .
4 Ben and Kent/go/to the mall/tomorrow afternoon?

Yes, $\qquad$ _.
5 they/catch/a bus/to the mall?

No, $\qquad$ _.
6 Ben/go/to his German lesson/tomorrow?

## PRESENT SIMPLE VS PRESENT CONTINUOUS - STATIVE VERBS

- We use the present simple for permanent states, repeated actions, habits and daily routines.
A washing machine cleans clothes. (permanent state) Neil tidies his room every weekend. (repeated action) Helen listens to music on her way to school. (habit) Alison eats breakfast at 8:00 am every day. (daily routine)

Time phrases used with the present simple: usually, always, every morning/evening/afternoon/ night, in the morning/evening/afternoon, at night, at noon, on Mondays/Tuesdays, at the weekend, etc.

- We use the present continuous for:
- actions happening now.

He is vacuuming the carpets right now.

- actions happening around the time of speaking.

My friend is staying at my house this week.

- future arrangements.

They are travelling to Madrid next Saturday.
Time phrases used with the present continuous: now, at the moment, at present, these days, tomorrow, next week, tonight, still, etc.

- Stative verbs (want, like, love, hate, know, believe, need) describe states rather than actions. They do not normally have continuous tenses.
I need your help. (NOT: t'm needing your help.)
$\star$ Fill in with am ('m not), is(n't), are(n't), do(n't) or does $(n ' t)$.

1 Ron doesn't usually do the ironing.
2 What $\qquad$ you having for breakfast today?
3 We ___ live in a big city.
4 Lia can't come to the phone because she doing the washing-up.
5 $\qquad$ Bob make his bed in the morning?
6 We $\qquad$ going to the cinema tonight. It's raining and it's cold.
7 | $\qquad$ hanging out the washing. Can you help me?

8 Bill $\qquad$ sleeping now. He's at the mall.

9 How often $\qquad$ you do the ironing?
10 $\qquad$ going to basketball practice today, so we can go to the mall.

No, $\qquad$ -.

Choose a word or phrase from the list to complete the sentences.

- tomorrow • still • at the moment
- on Mondays • usually • in the morning

1 Our cousins are coming to visit us tomorrow.
2 I have piano lessons $\qquad$ _.
3 Anna is $\qquad$ doing the ironing.
4 We always eat breakfast $\qquad$ -
5 Is Claire making dinner $\qquad$ ?
6 We don't $\qquad$ go shopping at the mall.
$13 \star$ choose the correct option.
1 A: Is Jason in the kitchen?
B: Yes, he's making/makes lunch.
2 A: When are you tidying/do you tidy your room?
B: Every weekend.
3 A: Is Jacob at football practice?
B: No, he isn't going/doesn't go to practice on Thursdays.
4 A: Why don't you and Vicky come to our house on Sunday?
B: Thanks, but we can't. We're spending/spend this Sunday with our grandparents.
5 A: My brother is never helping/never helps me with the chores!
B: Really? That's not nice!
6
A: Where is your sister working/does your sister work?
B: At Carlton Hospital. She is a doctor there.
7 A: I'm not making/don't make dinner tonight. I'm really tired.
B: No problem. I can cook something. You just sit there and relax.

14
$\star \star$ Put the verbs in brackets into the present simple or the present continuous.

1 Linda cleans (clean) the kitchen every day.
2 Chris $\qquad$ (not/set) the table at the moment.
3 Maria $\qquad$ (study) for her exams these days.
4 | $\qquad$ (always/listen) to music when I do chores.
5 Babies $\qquad$ (sleep) for a lot of hours.

6 $\qquad$ (Nathan/play)
computer games now?
$15 \star \star$ Look at the pictures and use the verbs in the list in the present simple or the present continuous to complete the sentences.

- make • load • clean • vacuum • wash
- do • chat • work


3 It's Monday morning and Patricia and Kenneth . They in an office
from 9 to 5 every day.

$16 \star \star$ Put the verbs in brackets into the present simple or the present continuous.

1 A: Is Samantha doing (Samantha/do) the ironing now?
B: Yes, and she $\qquad$ (hate) it!
2 A: $\qquad$ (you/want) to come to the park with us?
B: Sure. What time $\qquad$ (we/leave)?
3 A: John $\qquad$ (cook) dinner tonight.
B: । $\qquad$ (not/believe) you! He hardly ever cooks!
4 A: । $\qquad$ (not/like) this TV show.

B: Really? We $\qquad$ (watch) it every week.

5 A: help with the washing-up? (you/need)

B: No, thank you. I $\qquad$ (wash) the last dish right now.
6 A: Carlos says he (vacuum) the carpets tomorrow.
B: | $\qquad$ (know). It's his turn to do it.

## $17 \star \star$ Choose the correct sentence.

1 (a) Susan loves cooking dinner every night.
b Susan is loving cooking dinner every night.
2 a I'm not knowing what you're talking about.
b I don't know what you're talking about.
3 a Don hardly ever doesn't do the washing-up.
b Don hardly ever does the washing-up.
4 a We buy a new washing machine next week.
b We're buying a new washing machine next week.
5 a I don't want to dust the furniture right now.
b I'm not wanting to dust the furniture right now.
6 a Jim doesn't always take the rubbish out in the evening.
b Jim always doesn't take the rubbish out in the evening.
7 a How often are you vacuuming the carpet in your bedroom?
b How often do you vacuum the carpet in your bedroom?

8 a Sally meets her friend tomorrow.
b Sally is meeting her friend tomorrow.
$18 \star \star \star$ Find and correct the mistakes where necessary.

1 Jessica hardly ever gə shopping on Mondays. goes
2 Maria is staying at her friend's house today. $\checkmark$
3 Paul and his sister doesn't do chores every day.

4 What are you makeing for lunch tomorrow?

5 I'm not knowing how this dishwasher works.

6 Where does Mr Anderson live? $\qquad$
7 Sandra and her friends are meeting at the park this afternoon. $\qquad$
8 We never are at school at the weekend.
$19 \star \star \star$ Choose the correct option (A, B or C).


Hi Claudia,
Thanks for your email. I'm happy that you 1) $\qquad$ your new house. What about your new school? 2) $\qquad$ that? Is it near your house? How
3) $\qquad$ there every day?
As for me, nothing is different! Right now, l 4) $\qquad$ a break from housework! My parents and I 5) $\qquad$ the house, so I 6) $\qquad$ lots of chores. I 7) $\qquad$
to the mall with my friends on Saturday morning, but I 8) $\qquad$ them today because I'm very busy.
Well, I have to get back to my chores now! I 9) $\qquad$ to see you again. When 10) $\qquad$ back to town for a visit? Soon, I hope! Email me back.
Love,
Joanna

| 1 | A love | B 're loving | C loving |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | A Do you liking | B Do you like | C Are you liking |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | A you get | B are you getting | C do you get |
| 4 | A 'm taking | B take | C takes |
| 5 | A clean | B are cleaning | C am cleaning |
| 6 | A does | B 'm doing | C do |
| 7 | A go usually | B usually go | C 'm usually going |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | A aren't meeting | B don't meet | C 'm not meeting |
| 9 | A really want | B really wants | C 'm really wanting |
| 10 | A do you come | B you're coming | C are you coming |

1 (A) love
B 're loving
C loving
2 A Do you liking
B Do you like
C do you get
4 A 'm taking
B take
C takes
5 A clean
B are cleaning
C do
7 A go usually
B usually go
C 'm usually going
8 A aren't meeting
B realy wants
C 'm really wanting
10 A do you come $\mathbf{B}$ you're coming $\mathbf{C}$ are you coming


Learning Outcomes: free-time activities, present simple vs present continuous, adverbs of frequency

Supplies List: three clear cups, clear soda, gumballs, jelly beans, Mentos candy, diet cola, a device to record time

DID YOU
KNOW?
Soda is a solution (a liquid mixture) with sugar and a lot of carbon dioxide gas in it to make it fizzy. When there is another surface that the dioxide can collect on, there will be large bubbles.

What do you usually do in your free time?

Have you ever thought of doing something different in your free time? What would you do?

Our free time is precious and we need to find ways to spend it meaningfully. There are a lot of experiments online which you can try at home or with your friends. Today, you will see some famous experiments that are trending online, but you will also have the chance to analyse them and understand how they work.

PREDICT
Take a look at your supplies and think if you have ever seen an experiment in which the materials were used.
Discuss the following questions with your partner.
1 Do these supplies remind you of an experiment? If yes, can you describe it?
$\qquad$
2 Can you predict which supplies can cause a reaction? If yes, can you imagine why?
$\qquad$
3 Can you imagine why we use soda in most experiments? What do you know about soda in reactions?
$\qquad$

METHOD

| Time of reaction <br> (seconds) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Carefully follow the steps to do your experiment.
1 Put all three cups next to each other.
2 Have the table above in front of you and a pencil and get ready to complete it during the experiment. Also, have a smartphone or a watch to record the time of reaction.
3 Fill each cup about half full of clear soda.
4 Put a gumball in the first cup, a jelly bean in the second one and a Mentos candy in the third one at the same time.

## OBSERVE

Have a discussion with your group and answer the following questions.
1 What did you observe during the experiment? What are the reactions of the candies?

2 What are the differences between the three different candies?

3 Why do you think this experiment worked?

## FOLLOW-UP EXPERIMENT

For this experiment, you need to go outside. Try the classic Mentos and diet cola experiment. Take the bottle of diet cola and put Mentos candy inside it. There will be a huge explosion.

## RESULTS \& CONCLUSIONS

Draw your experiment inside the box.


Have a discussion with your group and answer the following questions.
1 What was the procedure you followed?

2 What was the reaction that you liked the most?

3 Was the experiment successful?

4 Can you think of other similar experiments?

Present the experiment to your classmates. Use the lines below to make some notes before presenting.

CHALLENGE 2: RECREATING ART IN A DIFFERENT WAY
INSPIRATION
Your goal is to make a piece of art with your classmates. Work with your classmates and decide how you can use your supplies to do this.

Learning Outcomes: understanding the difficulties people with disabilities face, teamwork

Supplies List: canvas or pieces of paper for each group, paintbrushes, watercolours

DID YOU
KNOW?
There are different types of disabilities, such as:

- Vision Impairment which means that the person is blind or has partial vision
- Deaf or hard of hearing
- Physical Disability.

Frida Kahlo was one of the most famous artists and a role-model for most painters nowadays. Frida had multiple disabilities and she presented them through her art.

Work with your partner and discuss your favourite painting (if you have one) or research online and find a painting that you like. Write down some thoughts about this painting while discussing it with your partner.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


METHOD
There will be two groups.
Group A will have to draw and paint with one hand. (If you are right-handed, use your left hand, if you are left-handed, use your right hand.)
Group B will have to draw and paint with their eyes closed. Work with your group and discuss which painting you want to recreate.
Make sure you follow the rules while you are creating your painting. Before you start, discuss the following questions with your group.

1 What difficulties might you have?
$\qquad$
2 What could be helpful to your group?
$\qquad$
3 What tools can you use?
$\qquad$
4 Can you think of ways that will help you with this challenge?
$\qquad$

CREATE \& PRESENT
Create your artwork, then answer the questions.
1 How did you feel during this activity?
$\qquad$
2 Was it difficult?
$\qquad$
3 If yes, why was it difficult?
$\qquad$

This activity aimed to help you understand the difficulty of doing something without being fully functional, but also to make you realise that everything is possible. People with disabilities deserve our respect and help when they need it, but we always need to remember that people with disabilities are the same as able-bodied people. All of us are different with different personalities no matter if we have some kind of disability or not.

Write down the procedure you followed, the difficulties you faced and your favourite parts. Present your painting to the other group.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


[^1]1

* Read the text and complete the sentences.

1 On the International Space Station, astronauts do chores in $\qquad$
2 Before doing chores, they get $\qquad$
3 Using an ordinary vacuum cleaner can be dangerous in space because $\qquad$ _.
4 Special vacuum cleaners in space look like $\qquad$
5 Peter's favourite chore is $\qquad$
$2 \star \star$ Read the text and decide if the statements (1-6) are true (T), false (F) or doesn't say (DS).

1 Peter uses an ordinary vacuum cleaner to clean the space station.
2 It's quicker to vacuum everywhere in space.
3 The kitchen is always quite clean and tidy.
4 The astronauts add water to their food before they eat it.
5 It takes a long time to warm up food in space.
6 The astronauts take out the rubbish every morning.
$3 \star \star \star$ Answer the questions.
1 What is the size of the International Space Station?

2 Why isn't the kitchen messy?

3 What happens to the rubbish the astronauts send into space?


4MINDS is a multi-level course that turns language learning into an opportunity for learners to explore the world and their potential preparing them for the real world outside class. The series fosters 21st century skills developing learners' creativity, collaboration, critical thinking, public speaking and digital literacy skills and provides a multimodal learning experience and self-directed learning with theme-related grammar and writing videos. It promotes an inclusive use of the language with Mediation tasks and generates contexts within which learners use ethical principles to resolve issues of common concern (Life skills) while encouraging experiential and holistic learning with STEAM activities.

For the Student

- STUDENT'S BOOK WITH DIGI APP
- WORKBOOK \& GRAMMAR BOOK (WITH STEAM ACTIVITIES) STUDENT'S WITH DIGI APP

- TEACHER'S BOOK
- WORKBOOK \& GRAMMAR BOOK (WITH STEAM ACTIVITIES) TEACHER'S WITH DIGI APP
- AUDIO (DOWNLOADABLE)
- TESTS \& TEACHER'S RESOURCE MATERIAL (DOWNLOADABLE)
- DIWB

Express
DigiBooks
$\square$



[^0]:    1 zero gravity = the condition in space when people and objects have no weight 2 float $=$ to move easily through the air 3 bump $=$ to hit something with force

[^1]:    1 zero gravity = the condition in space when people and objects have no weight 2 float $=$ to move easily through the air 3 bump $=$ to hit something with force

