



#### Jenny Dooley



Podręcznik dopuszczony do użytku szkolnego przez ministra właściwego do spraw oświaty i wychowania i wpisany do wykazu podręczników przeznaczonych do kształcenia ogólnego do nauczania języka angielskiego, na podstawie opinii rzeczoznawców: dr Anny Czury, dr Grażyny Kiliańskiej-Przybyło i mgr. Rafała Janusa.

Poziom zaawansowania / wariant podstawy programowej: III.1.P, III.1.R

Poziom ESOKJ: B2 Etap edukacyjny: III

Typ szkoły: ponadpodstawowa Rok dopuszczenia: 2019

Numer ewidencyjny w wykazie: 945/4/2019

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Vocabulary: tech jobs; work; job skills
Grammar: present simple – present continuous –
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present perfect continuous

**Everyday English:** recommending a person for a job

Writing: an email giving a reference

A Hard Day's Work

### **Listening & Reading**

1 Listen and match the speakers (1-8) to their jobs (a-h). Think of one other thing each one might say.

#### **Tech Jobs**

- a IT technician
- **b** web designer
- c social media manager
- d digital marketer
- e app developer
- f content creator
- **g** computer programmer
- h social media influencer
- 2 Look at the title of the article and read the introduction. What do you think the job of a social media manager involves?
  - Listen and read to check.

- Read the text. For questions 1-4, choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D). Then explain the words in bold.
- **1** What is the writer's purpose in the first paragraph?
  - **A** to give details of her social media habits
  - **B** to complain about often having to work at home
  - **C** to explain that her job is easier than people think
  - **D** to describe misunderstandings people have of her job
- 2 What does the writer mean when she says 'The decision was a no-brainer' in the second paragraph?
  - **A** It was a risky decision.
  - **B** It was a stupid decision.
  - **C** It was a decision that was easy to make.
  - **D** It was a decision that they were forced to make.
- **3** What do we learn about Sandy's job in the third paragraph?
  - A She is under constant pressure.
  - **B** She works with the customer service department.
  - **c** She mainly deals with customer complaints.
  - **D** She has to react quickly to negative responses.

# Keeping People Posted

Do you ever get a **guilty feeling** after spending far too much time on social networking sites? Well, these days, most major companies hire social media managers to do just that!

We asked Air Express's very own social media manager –

Sandy Hayes – what it's all about.





irst things first. Despite what a lot of people think, being a social media manager is not all fun and games. Don't get me wrong – I like my job – but I certainly don't spend my working day commenting on my friends' holiday pics or giggling at cat videos. The truth is that this is a well-paid, demanding job that needs a lot of **dedication**.

Social media manager is not as new a **position** as you might think. Social networking services became openly available in September 2006, and companies had to decide whether or not to have a **presence** there. The decision was a no-brainer, but the results weren't always great, so by 2010, companies had started employing full-time social media managers.

Basically, I have two main duties in my job: connecting with customers and creating content. The first thing I do when I get to the office in the morning is check any activity on the company's social media accounts. These days, a lot of people use social media like a customer service tool, so I spend my mornings answering questions and replying to comments or complaints. Also, I have to take note of how popular my posts were from the previous day. When a post gets very few likes, I have to figure out why, and I have to do it fast.



- 4 What is true about the content Sandy creates?
  - **A** It must have a personal touch.
  - **B** It needs to promote a product.
  - **C** It should always make readers laugh.
  - **D** It can sometimes cause offence.
- Find and complete the words in the text that describe the following. Then use the phrases to make sentences.
  - 1 ... companies
  - **2** available
  - **3** duties
  - 4 ... media
- **5** .... service
- ... deals
- **7** ... news
- 8 skills
- 5 PREPOSITIONS Choose the correct preposition. Check in your dictionary.
- 1 Allow me to congratulate you **on/for** your promotion.
- 2 You haven't commented for/on my post yet.
- 3 Salary will depend on/in experience.
- 4 Connect with/on your customers using this app.
- 5 The company replies at/to all emails of complaint.

# $\sqrt{}$

#### **Check these words**

giggle, content, customer service, aim, engage, innovative, offence

Then, in the afternoon, I start creating content for the company's four social media accounts. I have daily and weekly **goals**: I aim to upload at least three photos and one video per week, and five posts and tweets each day. What I post, though, depends on a lot of things. For example, if we're giving something away or if there are some special **deals**, I write posts on that – but I have to be careful not to advertise too much, because that doesn't go across well online. I also write posts reacting to breaking news, or I might **congratulate** a national sports team on a good result. Basically, the posts I create have to be natural, have to feel human, so the reader engages with them as they would with a real person, and likes or shares them.

So, what makes a good social media manager? Well, I think it's vital to be innovative, creative and have strong attention to detail. You also need to have excellent communication skills and a great sense of humour. When you think about it, that's what social media is all about! Look at the comments sections on any videosharing website – the **majority** of users are trying to be humorous. So, if your jokes sometimes 'bomb' or cause offence, then this job's not for you! But if you have what it takes, then being a social media manager is one of the best jobs out there.

#### **Vocabulary**

#### Work

# 6 Choose the correct word. Check in your dictionary.

- 1 Dan was an unpaid **employee/intern** with a company for three months to get some work experience.
- 2 I was **fired/made redundant** when the company closed down.
- **3** We currently have a **duty/vacancy** for a designer.
- **4** Sabrina is a(n) **experienced/trained** IT technician, but this is her first job.
- **5** Ed is **full-time/part-time**; he works 11 hours a week.
- **6** Pam is thinking of **resigning/retiring** and looking for another job.
- 7 We must work hard to meet the 1st May **deal/deadline**.
- **8** Twenty **candidates/clients** were interviewed for the job, but none of them were suitable.
- **WORDS EASILY CONFUSED** Fill in: profession, job, career, occupation. Check in your dictionary.
  - 1 Her ... as a dancer came to an end when she broke her leg.
- 2 My father has been unable to find a(n) .... for the past two years.
- **3** Can the witness please state his name, age and ....?
- **4** John is a doctor by ... and has his own practice in London.
- PHRASAL VERBS Choose the correct particle.

give away: 1) to reveal; 2) to offer for free

give off: to emit

give out: 1) to hand out; 2) to be completely used up

give up: to stop doing sth; to quit

- 1 Oscar has a Saturday job giving **out/of** leaflets.
- 2 We mustn't give away/up our trade secrets!
- **3** That cheese is giving **off/out** a funny smell!
- 4 He gave **up/off** his job and moved to Italy.

# **Speaking & Writing**

- 9 Would you ever consider working as a social media manager? Why/Why not?
- 10 MEDIATION Collect information about one of the other jobs from Ex. 1.

  Think about: job description/duties, qualities, problems. Use your notes to write a short text about it for a careers advice website.



# **Grammar in Use**



**Lisa:** Hey, Julie. Don't tell me the interview's over!

Julie: Hi, Lisa! Yes, I've just finished, thank goodness! They've been interviewing candidates since 9 am and I was the last candidate. I think it went well. I hope so — I'm getting so tired of interviews!

**Lisa:** You'<u>re thinking</u> too much about it! Stress only **makes** things worse!

Julie: Yeah, I guess so. How is your job-hunting going?

**Lisa:** Well, I've been looking at adverts online all morning, but I can't find anything, so I'm a bit fed up. I'm meeting the careers adviser tomorrow, though.

Julie: Have you spoken to her before?

**Lisa:** No. She **runs** group sessions with students in the mornings and she's always **making** excuses about being busy.

Julie: Good luck tomorrow! Must dash – my pilates class starts in an hour.

# Present simple – Present continuous – Stative verbs

#### **pp.** GR1-2

- 1 Read the dialogue. Identify the tenses in bold. What use does each demonstrate? Which of these uses refer to the future? Check in the Grammar Reference section if necessary.
- 2 Translate the fragments of sentences in brackets into English. Use present simple or present continuous forms. Give reasons.
  - 1 Dave .... (pracuje) for an advertising company and .... (poznaje) lots of people every day as part of his job. The company ... (poszerza działalność) rapidly. This evening, he ... (zabiera) a new client out to dinner.
  - 2 .... (Czy lubisz) your job? Some people enjoy their jobs and .... (osiągają) success. Some people .... (zawsze narzekają) about them!
  - 3 Tom ... (podnosi) weights in the gym right now. He ... (trenuje) hard these days for a national competition. The competition ... (odbywa się) at 7 pm next Sunday.
- 3 Stative verbs do not usually have continuous forms. When they do, the meaning changes. Look at the underlined parts of the dialogue. What is the meaning of the verb *think* in each one?

Read the sentences. Match each meaning from the list (a-h) with a verb in bold.

a understand d review g own b believe e consider h seem

c experience f meet

- 1 I see there's a problem in this department.
- 2 The actor is seeing his agent tomorrow.
- **3** Mr Jones **thinks** we should advertise the job.
- 4 He is thinking of opening a branch in Denmark.
- 5 Ann Holmes has three houses.
- **6** We **are having** problems with the new employee.
- 7 He **looks** like he's going to faint.
- 8 They **are looking** at this month's sales figures.
- 5 SPEAKING Think of a job. Say a few sentences using the present simple and the present continuous. Your partner guesses the job.

# Present perfect – Present perfect continuous ▶pp. GR2-3

- 6 Identify the highlighted verb forms in the dialogue. Explain how we use them. Check in the Grammar Reference section.
- Put the verbs in brackets into the present perfect or the present perfect continuous. Give reasons.

1 A: You look tired. What .... (you/do)?

B: I .... (call) clients all morning.

2 A: ... (you/inspect) the new offices yet?

B: Yes, I .... (just/get) back from there.

3 A: I .... (try) to call Jo all day.

B: Her phone .... (not/work) for the last few days.

4 A: Mr Smith ... (talk) on the phone since lunch time.

B: I know. And he ... (just/miss) his 3 o'clock meeting!

5 A: Bob ... (paint) the house all this week.

B: Yes, and he still .... (not/finish).

**6** A: ... (they/repair) the copier yet?

B: Yes. But I ... (not/make) the photocopies you wanted yet.



- 8 Write sentences using the present perfect or the present perfect continuous, as in the example.
- 1 Ann is looking for her files. (lose) She has lost her files.
- 2 My uniform has got coffee stains on it. (spill)
- 4 Paul started looking for a job six months ago. (apply)
  He ......
- 9 a) Put the verbs in brackets into the correct present tense. Compare with your partner.



#### **Content creators**

1) .... (you/look) for work right now that you can do when and where you 2) .... (want) to do it? 3) .... (you/have) excellent writing skills? We're a top web development company that 4) .... (create) quality content for major websites for a decade, and we 5) .... (now/expand) our team! Click for more.

#### **Digital marketing intern**

You 6) .... (just/leave) college. You've got your qualification in marketing, but you 7) .... (not/gain) any work experience, and without it, you 8) .... (not/have) much chance of getting a job interview. So why not join our intern programme? Click here.

#### **Computer programmer**

9) ... (you/complete) a course in C++ or Python lately? 10) ... (you/ever think) about earning some money from home? Then you might be just the person for us! We 11) ... (not/look) for experience, just enthusiasm, so if you 12) ... (never/program) professionally, it doesn't matter. Click here for more information.

b) SPEAKING Choose one of the jobs in Ex. 9a. Act out a job interview. Use present tenses.

- Complete the text with an appropriate verb from the list in the correct present tense.
  - practise fly
  - think find
  - choose book
  - study get stay
  - not learn
  - not have
  - increase want
  - pick arrive



#### Hi Matt!

How's things? Just have to tell you my news! As you know, I 1) .... hard to become an English teacher for the past ten months. The course is almost over and we 2) .... lessons every day now. So today, I 3) .... at home to prepare for my big adventure! I 4) .... a job and 5) .... my ticket already. Next month, I 6) .... to Colombo in Sri Lanka! The demand for English teachers there 7) .... all the time. I'm going to work in a small school. My flight 8) .... in Colombo at 3 o'clock in the morning so my new boss 9) .... me up.

I really 10) .... to learn the local language. I 11) .... my Sinhalese all week and now know a few basic phrases!

Sri Lanka 12) ... much hotter than England in summer, which is a plus point! Of course, there will be problems. I 13) ... enough of the language yet to be able to communicate freely and I'll be far away from friends and family.

14) .... I .... the right destination? I'm about to find out!

Write back,

Alex

- 1 1 a) SPEAKING Imagine you have your dream job. Ask and answer the questions with your partner.
- 1 What do you do?
- 2 What does the job involve?
- **3** How long have you had this job?
- **4** What have you been working on recently?
- **5** What are you doing next week?
  - b) Tell the class about the job your partner is doing.



# **Skills in Action**

#### **Vocabulary**

#### Job skills

Look at the table and decide which skills are important to do the jobs in the list.

- accountant social media manager nurse
- laboratory assistant IT technician



#### Hard skills (teachable)

- fluent in English, Arabic, etc
- excellent with numbers,
- qualified in law, IT, etc
- experienced in sales, etc
- skilled at operating machinery, etc
- advanced IT skills
- · driving licence
- bachelor's/master's degree
- doctorate (PhD)

#### Soft skills (interpersonal)

- caring
- organised
- motivated
- a problem-solver
- innovative
- · a strategic thinker
- · team-oriented

- · decisive
- cooperative

- · good communication skills
- · attentive to detail

What hard/soft skills have you got? Tell your partner.

### Listening

#### **Study Skills**

#### **Identifying information**

Read through the sentences to get an idea of what you will listen to. Predict what is missing from each gap (noun, verb, etc). This will help you complete the task.

Listen to the beginning of a talk about internships from a university careers adviser. Complete the sentences with a word or short phrase.

# **Internships**

- A university 1) .... sometimes arranges internships for its students.
- Malcolm believes that work 2) ... is extremely important.
- Interns learn to be cooperative and 3) .....
- 4) .... % of good internships turn into jobs.
- There are a lot of 5) ... for every intern vacancy.
- An intern can work for up to 13 weeks in 6) .....
- Some 7) interns work until 9 pm.
- Over a third of companies now give their interns a(n) 8) .....

#### **Everyday English**

#### Recommending a person for a job

- Listen to and read the dialogue. How does Mr Higgs' manager describe him?
- **A:** How long has Mr Higgs been an intern with you?
- **B**: Five months. He completes his internship next month.
- A: What are his duties as an accounting intern?
- **B**: He's mainly been assisting with the annual audit.
- **A:** What would you consider are his best professional qualities?
- **B**: He's excellent with numbers, of course. And he's fluent in French and German, which is essential for a European company.
- A: I see. How would you describe his soft skills?
- **B**: He's organised, hard-working and, above all, cooperative.
- A: And do you think Mr Higgs would be a good candidate for the position we're offering?
- **B:** Without a doubt. He'd be an asset to any accounts department. We'd offer him a job ourselves, but we aren't taking on staff this year.
- A: Thank you for your time. You've been very helpful.

Act out a similar dialogue. Use the prompts below and language from the box.

#### Ms Patel - nursing intern

- 3-month internship recording patients' conditions feeding patients • qualified nurse – advanced IT skills
- caring sensitive to patients' needs

Asking for information	Recommending
Has been with you	<ul><li>excellent/impressive/</li></ul>
long?	strong/great
Can you describe his/her	<ul><li>Above all/Most importantly/</li></ul>
duties?	Most of all,
<ul> <li>What hard skills does</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>without a doubt</li> </ul>
have?	<ul> <li>definitely/absolutely</li> </ul>
<ul><li>What about soft skills?</li></ul>	• He'd/She'd be an asset to
Would you recommend	<ul> <li>He/She is just the person</li> </ul>
for the job?	for/stands out as

#### Pronunciation: /æ/, /ɑː/, /ʌ/

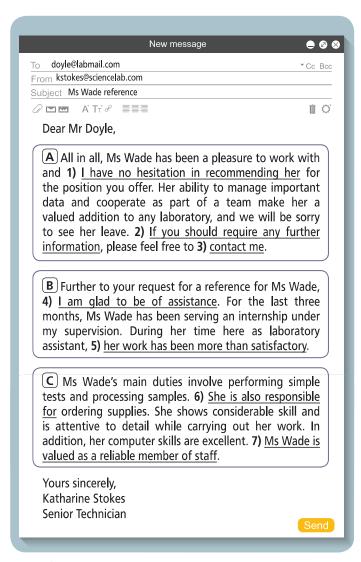
Listen to the sentences and identify the  $/\infty$ /,  $/\alpha$ :/ and  $/\Lambda$ / sounds. Listen again and repeat.

The clerk demanded a high salary. The other company gave an accurate report. Candidates must have advanced skills and be trusted with money.



#### **Reading & Writing**

6 Read the email and put the paragraphs in the correct order.





#### Formal language

Formal language is used in many business contexts. It is characterised by longer complex sentences, advanced vocabulary and no contractions. It shouldn't include emotive language and emotive punctuation, e.g. exclamation marks.

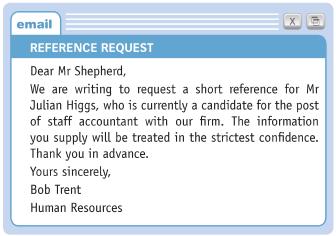
- Which of the following are good tips for writing formal letters/emails? Find examples in the email.
- 1 Use contracted forms.
- 2 Always finish with 'Yours faithfully' when we know the name of the recipient.
- 3 Write long, complex sentences.
- 4 Use polite vocabulary.
- 5 Use everyday, casual phrases.

# 8 Match the informal phrases (a-g) to the formal ones (1-7) in the model email.

- a she is just the person
- **b** you can count on Ms Wade
- c we've had no problem at all with her work
- **d** If you'd like to know more
- e she also has the job of
- f I'm happy to help
- g give me a call

#### **Writing** (an email giving a reference)

You have received the following email.



Plan your reply by referring to the dialogue in Ex. 3 and making notes on the following:

- how you know the person
- duties; hard & soft skills
- suitability for the post

Use your notes to write your email (140-190 words). Follow the plan.

### Plan

Dear Mr Trent,

Para 1: reason for writing & how you know the candidate

Para 2: duties & skills

Para 3: your recommendation & closing remarks

Yours sincerely, Pat Shepherd

Accounts Manager

# VALUES

Thoroughness
If a job's worth doing, it's worth doing well.
proverb







If you're looking for a job at the moment, you may be able to claim Jobseeker's Allowance while doing so. It's a(n) 1) .... straightforward procedure. Read on to find out more.



#### What is JSA?

JSA (Jobseeker's Allowance) is money paid to you by the UK government to help cover your 2) .... costs while you are looking for work. The amount you get varies according to personal circumstances, but it can be up to £73 per week. Payments are usually made every two weeks directly into your bank account.

#### Who can apply?

To apply for JSA, you have to be 18 or over, have worked for two to three years while paying National Insurance contributions, and be currently available for work. You won't qualify to apply if you're still 3) .... full-time education or have three or more children (there's a different allowance in this case).

#### How do you claim?

When you are sure that you are eligible, you can apply for Jobseeker's Allowance online by following the link <a href="https://www.gov.uk/jobseekers-allowance/how-to-claim">www.gov.uk/jobseekers-allowance/how-to-claim</a> and filling in a 4) ..... It should take about 20 minutes. After that, you'll get a

phone call or text within two working days to arrange a JSA interview at your local Jobcentre Plus office.

#### What happens at the interview?

Once you present your identity documents at the job centre, you will be assigned an adviser, also called a work coach. Together, you will 5) .... an agreement – it's called a 'Claimant Commitment' – signed by you, as to what steps you will take to look for work. This may include registering with recruitment agencies. 'Find a job' is a government service used by Jobcentre Plus, but there are many more you can use.

#### What happens after the interview?

In order to continue receiving your allowance, you must return to the job centre every two weeks to 'sign on' and to show them proof that you have been searching for work. This could include copies of job applications and letters from prospective employers. If you are not having 6) .... success, your work coach may suggest doing a free training course to help improve your work skills.

JSA is certainly a help when you're down on your luck. But it's worth remembering that unemployment benefit only lasts for six months. After that, if you're still out of work, you'll need to reapply for a different benefit.

#### **Reading & Listening**

Read the text and choose the correct word (A, B, C or D) for each gap (1-6).

1	Α	quite	В	enough	С	fairly	D	simply
2	Α	living	В	life	С	live	D	alive
3	Α	on	В	at	С	under	D	in
4	Α	paper	В	form	С	sheet	D	note
5	Α	do	В	put	С	set	D	make
6	Α	lots	В	many	С	much	D	some

Listen and check.

- What is Jobseeker's Allowance? Jobcentre Plus? a Claimant Commitment?
- Match the highlighted words to their synonyms below.
  - evidence show now unemployed pay for
  - organise

# Check these words

National Insurance contribution, eligible, recruitment agency, prospective, down on one's luck, unemployment benefit

#### **Speaking & Writing**

- Your Polish friend who lives in the UK has just lost his job. What advice could you give him about how to claim Jobseeker's Allowance?
- 5 ICT MEDIATION Find information about unemployment benefit in your country or another country and how you can claim it. Make notes on: what it's called who can apply how you claim it how long it lasts. Include any other relevant information. Present your findings to the class.



#### Vocabulary

- Choose the correct word.
- Mr Jones hopes to **resign/retire/fire** when he is 67.
- 2 The hotel has a duty/vacancy/deal for a receptionist.
- 3 Please state your career/job/occupation at the bottom of the form.
- 4 We need a(n) web/digital/app marketer to promote our products online.
- 5 Call customer service/media/comment if you need help installing the software.

 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$ 

Fill in: team, advanced, driving, excellent, organised.

# **Technician required**

Are you 1) ... with numbers with 2) ... IT skills and a(n) 3) ... approach to problemsolving? Are you hard-working and a 4) ... player? Do you have a clean 5) ... licence? Please apply within 7 days.

Email: jobs@TCHN.com

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

# Choose the correct item.

- 1 Congratulations in/on getting the job!
- 2 I've decided to give up/off my job and go back to college.
- 3 Don't give **out/away** my secrets, please!
- 4 Your success will depend in/on how hard you work.
- The Internet is useful for connecting **from/with** friends and family.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

#### **Grammar**

- Choose the correct item.
- 1 I think/am thinking of looking for a new job.
- 2 What time are you seeing/do you see the dentist?
- 3 Are you having/Do you have previous experience?
- 4 It doesn't look/isn't looking like he's coming.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8)$ 

#### Fill in with the verbs in the list in the correct present tense.

- start taste not drive work stay talk
- 1 John ... to work even once this week as his car broke
- 2 Why ... she always ... on the phone?
- 3 The meeting ... at 2 pm.
- 4 Maisy ... with us twice in six months.
- Why ... you ... the soup?
- You seem exhausted. ... you ... all day?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$ 

Put the verbs in brackets into the correct present tense.



 $(6 \times 3 = 18)$ 

# **Everyday English**

# Match the exchanges.

- **1** How would you describe his soft skills?
- What are his main duties?
- What hard skills does he c He is helpful and have?
- Would you recommend him?
- a Without a doubt.
- He is responsible for maintenance.
- cooperative.
- He is skilled at carpentry.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

Total 100

# Competences

GOOD ✓
VERY GOOD ✓ ✓
EXCELLENT ✓ ✓ ✓

#### Lexical Competence

understand words/phrases related to:

- · tech jobs
- work
- job skills

#### **Reading Competence**

 understand texts related to work & jobs (read for specific information - multiple choice; read for cohesion & coherence - multiplechoice cloze)

#### **Listening Competence**

• listen to & understand monologues related to jobs (listen for specific information sentence completion)

#### Speaking Competence

 recommend someone for a job

#### Writing Competence

 write an email giving a reference