

## Student's Book

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Podręcznik jest przeznaczony do wieloletniego użytku. Nie należy zapisywać w nim odpowiedzi do zadań. Przypominają o tym graficzne oznaczenia znajdujące się przy wybranych zadaniach.


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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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Grammar Reference (p. GR1-GR10)
Notions & Functions (p. NF1-NF4)
Writing Bank (p. WB1-WB2)
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Word List (p. WL1-WL22)
Irregular Verbs

Pronunciation'
Intonation

| $\mathrm{tt} /, / \mathrm{d} /, / \mathrm{Id} /$ | present the Ancient <br> eed ending |
| :--- | :--- |
| Egyptians |  |

- a presentation of famous inventors
- read dates
- narrate a historical event
- describe a visit to a place
- dialogue completion
Writing


## Across Cultures

CLIL

- sentences about the Ancient Egyptians
- space facts
- a paragraph about an important historical event in your country
- a biography (SKILLS: sequence of events, past tenses, express admiration)
- a poster of famous monuments
(History) Our world of Monuments (informative text) -(multiple matching)


## counting syllables

- sentences about dinosaurs
- describe an animal
- summary of a story
- picture story card
- a presentation about reptiles
- sentences about Ankylosaurus
- a presentation about the possible theories why dinosaurs died out
- describe an animal
- a myth about an animal
- a story (SKILLS: sequence of events, tenses, adverb-verb collocations)


## Crow Brings the Daylight

 (story) - (multiple choice)(Science)
Mammals
(informative article) (matching headings to paragraphs)
środków językowych (wybór wielokrotny), rozumienie ze słuchu (prawda/fałsz)
wypowiedź pisemna (wiadomość)

| will/'ll/won't | - make predictions <br> - present our solar system <br> - describe ICT equipment used at your school <br> - explain how you/your parents use a mobile phone <br> - express certainty/uncertainty about future plans <br> - respond to situations | - predictions about our world in 2100 <br> - sentences about gadgets you use <br> - weekend plans <br> - compare schools <br> - an email about holiday plans (SKILLS: word order, error correction) | Schools with a difference (articles) - (multiple matching) | (Science) The Solar system (informative text) <br> - (T/F statements) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| have/'ve | - describe Chinese dishes \& what they symbolise <br> - compare typical meals in your country to meals in the UK <br> - compare food festivals <br> - talk about food allergies <br> - order food at a fast food restaurant <br> - talk about healthy eating habits | - compare New Year celebrations <br> - a list of foods/drinks your family buys every week <br> - a paragraph about a food festival in your country <br> - an email about a food festival (SKILLS: punctuation, error correction) | Festive Fruit (article) (multiple choice, answer questions). | (Food technology) My eatwell plate (persuasive article) - (answer questions) |

wypowiedź pisemna (e-mail)

## Wybrane pojęcia:

Znajomość środków językowych - umiejętność posługiwania się określonym zasobem środków leksykalnych, gramatycznych, ortograficznych i fonetycznych.
Znajomość funkcji językowych - umiejętność zrozumiałego i stosownego do sytuacji komunikacyjnej reagowania w formie ustnej
lub pisemnej.

## Starter



## Spelling

2 a) Read the dialogue.

A: What's your name?
B: Andy.
A: And your
surname?
B: Cannes.
A: How do you spell it?
B: C - A - double N E-S.
b) In pairs, act out similar dialogues. Use the names below.

1 Jennifer Matthews
2 Sandy Milles
3 Dalia Moni
4 Lillian Clark
5 Pawel Gorski
6 Yuri Zotov
7 Rusa Herrera
8 Mario Alfano

## Cardinal Numbers

3 Listen and repeat.

one
two
three
four
five
six
seven

| 8 | eight |
| :--- | :--- |
| 9 | nine |
| 10 | ten |
| 11 | eleven |
| 12 | twelve |
| 18 | thirteen |
| 14 | fourteen |

15 fifteen
16 sixteen 17 seventeen
18 eighteen
19 nineteen
20 twenty

Asking about addresses \& telephone numbers

4 Ask and answer in pairs, as in the example.
115 Apple Street - 26558278
A: What's your address?
B: 15 Apple Street.
A: How do you spell it?
B: A-double P-L-E.
A: What's your telephone number?
B: It's two-six-double five-eight-two-seven-eight.
2128 Middle Street - 55243589
364 Memphis Street - 22943318
497 Newton Street - 72398632
538 Melrose Street - 37725921

## Starter

Listen and repeat. What are these numbers in your language?


22 twenty-two


6 Counting Chain: Count from 1 to 100.

One - Two - Three etc

7 Use the key to do the tasks. Read them aloud.

```
+ plus
- minus
= equals
x multiplied by
< divided by
```

| $6+13=$ | $7 \times 4=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $9-2=$ | $9+25=$ |
| $30 \times 3=$ | $12 \div 3=$ |
| $10 \div 2=$ | $58-16=$ |



Meamesalay
Tresalay


## Starter

## a/an - the

- We use a before words that start with a consonant sound. a book, a pencil
- We use an before words that start with a vowel sound. an apple, an eraser
- We use a/an for something we mention for the first time. We use the for something we have already mentioned. This is a book. The book is Anna's.
see p. GR1

10 a) Fill in $a$ or an.

b) Ask and answer in pairs, as in the example.

A: What's this in English?
B: It's a lamp.

## Colours


a) Listen and repeat.

b) What colour are these?


The eraser is ....

The ruler is ....



The sharpener is ....


The book is ... .


The crayon is ....


The schoolbag is ... .


The pencil holder is


The notebook is .... .

12 Fill in: $a$, an or the.
1 This is .... eraser. ... eraser is blue.
2 This is ... umbrella. ... umbrella is red.
3 This is .... pencil. .... pencil is yellow.
4 This is ... pencil case. ... pencil case is green.
5 This is ... notebook. ... notebook is purple.

## Greetings

13 The British
use these phrases to greet each other. How do you say them in your language?


14
a) Read the dialogue.

Classroom language
15. a) Listen and repeat. Say these sentences in your language.
 dialogues.

## The Imperative

- We use the base form of the verb to tell people what to verb to tell people what to
do, give them advice, and ask them to do something. Open the door, please.
- We use don't + base form of the verb to make a negative imperative.
Don't open the door, please.
see p. GR1



## Starter




Mary: Hi, Ann.
Ann: How are you?
Mary: I'm fine, thanks.
And you?
Ann: Not bad.
Mary: See you later. Bye!
Ann: Goodbye.
b) In pairs, act out similar

b) Tell your partner what to do. Your
 partner does what you ask him/her.

A: Stand up, please.

## What's in this unit?

Topics:
Vocabulary:

Człowiek, Sport, Szkoła countries, nationalities, cities, abilities, character adjectives, school subjects, sports

- Grammar: the verb to be, subject/object pronouns, possessive adjectives, question words, plurals,
can
- Reading:

Listening:

- Speaking:
blog entries
monologues, conversations asking for/giving personal information an informal email about yourself
- Writing:
- Culture:
- CLIL: Sporting Superstars
- Skills Practice
- rozumienie tekstów pisanych (dobieranie), rozumienie ze słuchu (prawda/fałsz, dobieranie, wybór wielokrotny)
- rozumienie tekstów pisanych (dobieranie), wypowiedź pisemna (e-mail)


## Reading

a) Look at the characters in the pictures. What do you know about them? Are they good or bad?
b) Which of the sentences best describes each?

This character ...
1 is a brilliant scientist.
2 can fly.
3 is clever and brave.


## Reading

 the questions (1-4). For each question choose the right text. One text answers two questions.Which character
1 has no parents?
2 can disappear?
3 isn't comfortable when he is with others?
4 is a fast runner?

## 3 Answer the questions.

1 Where is each character from?
2 What can each character do?

## Vocabulary

4 Match the words in bold in the texts with their synonyms.

- very clever • true • almost • become
- child without parents • unseen


## Speaking



Tell your partner three things you remember from the texts.

6 Complete the table.

| HERO | WHERE FROM | CAN |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Captain Britain Essex, England | change into <br> a superhero; <br> see \& hear <br> things; <br> fly very fast |  |
| Green Lantern | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Cat Woman | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |

7 Use the table in Ex. 6 to present the characters to the class.

Captain Britain is from ... . He can ... . Cat Woman is from ... . She can ... .

- change into • see • hear • strong
- fly • planet • police officer
- read thoughts • galaxy • high speed
- become invisible • orphan • clever
- appearance • climb • jump


## Countries \& Nationalities

1
a) Match the countries to the nationalities.


Russia Brazilian

Greece Spanish

| Turkey | Thai |
| :--- | :--- |
| Brazil | Japanese |

Poland | Egyptian |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sgypt | Qatari |
| Satar | Russian |
| Thailand | Golish |


b) Listen and check. Listen and repeat.

2 a) Write the nationalities.

- France - China - Chile
- Portugal • Slovenia
- Italy • Argentina
- Mexico •Canada
- Egypt • Bahrain
- Australia • Poland
- Ireland

| -(i)an | -ish | -ese | other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Chinese | French |

b) Complete the sentences about you.
I'm from .... . (COUNTRY)
I'm .... . (NATIONALITY)

3 SPEAKING Act out dialogues, as in the example.


2
Ahmet - Turkey

1 A: Where's Kim from?
B: She's from China. She's Chinese.

## Abilities

a) Complete the sentences. Use: ride, surf, do, dance, swim, play (x3), fly, run, take.


| Can | Negative |
| :--- | :--- |
| Affirmative |  |
| I/you/he/etc can <br> speak English. | I/you/he/etc can't speak <br> English. |
| Interrogative | Short answers |
| Can I/you/he/etc <br> speak English? | Yes, I/you/he/etc can. <br> No, I/you/he/etc can't. |

b) Find out what your partner can/can't do.

A: Can you run fast?
B: Yes, I can. etc
c) Now tell the class.

Pawel can run fast.
a) Listen to John talking to his friend.

What can John do? Write in your notebook.
1 play an instrument
2 use a computer
3 ride a horse
4 do martial arts
5 play basketball
b) Tell the class.

John can ...
John can't ...

## Character adjectives

(6) a)Match the adjectives to the pictures.

b) What are you and your friend like?

Complete the sentences.
I am ... and .... . My friend is ... and ... .

## School subjects



My favourite school subjects are $\qquad$
8 a) Listen to Tony talking about his school timetable for Monday and complete the gaps (1-4).


| Monday |  | Room |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8: 30-9: 25$ | Chemistry | R10 |
| $9: 30-10: 25$ | 1) $\ldots$ | R12 |
| $10: 25-10: 40$ | BREAK |  |
| $10: 40-11: 35$ | 2) $\ldots$ | R8 |
| 11:35-12:30 | PE |  |
| $12: 30-1: 30$ | LUNCH BREAK |  |
| $1: 30-2: 30$ | 3) $\ldots$ | R7 |
| $2: 30-3: 30$ | 4) $\ldots$ | R5 |

b) SPEAKING Ask and answer.

A: Where's the Chemistry lesson?
B: In Room R10.
9 WRITING Write a short text about you, as in the example.

Hi! I'm Lorna. I'm from the USA. I'm American. I can ride a bike and swim. I can also play the guitar. My favourite school subjects are Maths and Chemistry. Be my e-pal.


1 Read the table. Find examples in the joke.
The verb to be (affirmative/negative)

| Affirmative | Negative |
| :--- | :--- |
| I'm Polish. | I'm not Polish. |
| You're Polish. | You aren't Polish. |
| He's Polish. | He isn't Polish. |
| She's Polish. | She isn't Polish. |
| It's Polish. | It isn't Polish. |
| We're Polish. | We aren't Polish. |
| You're Polish. | You aren't Polish. |
| They're Polish. | They aren't Polish. |

## 2 a) Fill in: is, am, are.

Hi! My name 1) ... Anna and 12) $\ldots 12$ years old. I 3) $\ldots$ from Poland. This is my friend Mia. She 4) $\ldots$ from the USA. She 5) $\ldots 12$ years old, too. We 6) $\ldots$ students. Our favourite school subjects 7) $\ldots$ ICT and Maths. In this picture we 8) ... at school. Be our e-friend.

b) $\square$ Correct the sentences.

1 Anna is from the USA. Anna isn't from the USA. She's from Poland.
2 Anna and Mia are 17 years old.
3 Anna and Mia are British.
4 Anna is a scientist.
5 Their favourite school subjects are History and Geography.

3 Make as many sentences as possible.

| Peter \& Anna |  | from the UK. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bill | is | friends. |
| John \& I | are | British. |
| We |  | 16 years old. |
| Sally |  | a student. |


| Subject/Object pronouns Possessive adjectives |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subject pronouns | 1 | you | he/she/it | we | you | they |
| Object pronouns | me | you | him/her/it | us | you | them |
| Possessive adjectives | my | your | his/her/its | our | your | their |
| see p. GR1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

4 Read the theory. Find examples in the joke.

5 Replace the words in bold with the correct pronouns.

1 Marta is Russian. She
2 Look at Alex and Bill. Alex and Bill are 14.

3 Where are Dalia and Ahmed from?
4 Janusz and I are from Poland.
5 Look at Rosa. Rosa is from Spain.
6 Choose the correct item.
1 I/My name's Tonia. I'm/Me a student.
2 This is Jo and Dan. Look at they/them.
3 Bill's from the USA. He/His sister is 12.
4 This is Mary. Look at she/her.
5 Peter and Steve are 11. They/Their are our/us friends.

7 Read the table. Find an example in the joke.

| The verb to be (interrogative) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Interrogative | Short answers |
| Am I Russian? | Yes, I am./No, I'm not. |
| Are you Russian? | Yes, you are./No, you aren't. <br> Is he Russian? <br> Is she Russian? |
| Yes, he is./No, he isn't. |  |
| Is it Russian? | Yes, she is./No, she isn't. |
| Are we Russian? | Yes, it is./No, it isn't. |
| Yes, we are./No, we aren't. |  |
| Are you Russian? | Yes, you are./No, you aren't. |
| Are they Russian? | Yes, they are./No, they aren't. |

see p. GR1
8 Complete the questions. Answer them.
1 Is Peter from the USA? Yes, he is.
2 ... you from Russia? No, I ... .
3 ... they Italian? Yes, they ... .
4 ... she 14 years old? No, she. ...
5 ... Maths your favourite school subject? No, it .... .



Anna \& Laura (13)
1 Mario/Brazil?
A: Is Mario from Brazil?
B: Yes, he is.
2 Olga/Russia?
Olga (15)

## Question words

Who: asks about a person - Who's he? Andy.
What: asks about a thing - What's this? It's a book. Where: asks about a place - Where's Ann from? Italy. How old: asks about age - How old are you? 12. When: asks about time - When's your birthday? In May.

Read the theory.

11 Complete the questions.
1 ... 's he? Janusz.
2 ...'s he from? Poland.
3 ... is she? 14.
4 ... 's your favourite subject? Geography.
5 ... 's your birthday? In June.
12 Read the answers. Ask questions.
1 My name's Paul. What's your name?
2 He's 12 years old.
3 Her favourite school subject is Physics.
4 She's from Mexico.
5 This is Andy.

## Plurals

noun + -s: one friend - two friends
-s, -ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o + -es:
bus - buses, class - classes, brush - brushes, watch - watches, fox - foxes, tomato - tomatoes
see p. GR2
13 Read the theory. Write the plurals.


14 WRITING Write a short paragraph about you and your friend.

My name's Stella. Becky is my friend. We are 12 years old. We are British. Our favourite subjects are History and Geography.

## Across Cultures

## Skills Work

## Reading

1 a) Try to match the sportspeople to the countries they come from and the sports they play.

| Hikaru Nakamura | Scotland | football |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sally Pearson | USA | tennis |
| Gareth Bale | Ireland | boxing |
| Andy Murray | Australia | chess |
| Katie Taylor | Wales | running |

2 Read the text and complete the sentences.
1 Hikaru's coach is a well known ... .
2 Katy's coach is...
3 Jamie is Andy's
4 Sally is good at jumping .... .
5 Gareth can score goals with his head because ... .

Can you play sports like a sporting superstar? Here are some superheroes with special abilities. Who is your favourite?

## Chess player

Hikaru Nakamura is an American chess player. He is the number one chess player in the USA and number nine in the world. He is still very young. Hikaru's coach is Gary Kasparov, the famous chess player. He is sure Hikaru can be a chess legend.

## Boxer

Katie Taylor is a boxer from Ireland. Katy is very quick and she can punch very hard. She is the Olympic champion and the number one woman boxer in the world. Her father is her coach. She is Ireland's favourite athlete because she is very brave and hardworking.

## Tennis player

Andy Murray is a tennis player from Scotland. He is a great tennis champion with an Olympic gold medal and a lot of trophies. He can hit a tennis ball very hard because of his strong right arm. His brother, Jamie, is also a professional tennis player.

## Check these words

[^0]
## Runner

Sally Pearson is a runner from Australia. She is the Olympic champion in the 100 -metre hurdles. Sally can run very fast and jump high over the hurdles. She is a hero in Australia.

## Football player

Gareth Bale is a Welsh footballer and he is very fast. He can run past his opponents very easily! He is six feet tall, so he can score goals with his head. His nickname is 'The Welsh Wizard' because he is great on the football pitch.

## Vocabulary

3
a) Match the words in bold to their synonyms

- competitors • famous person - prizes
- winner • daring • pet name • trainer
- expert • hit with your fist
b) What part of speech is each word?

4 Match the words to form phrases.

| $\mathbf{1}$ hit | a champion |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ tennis | b goals |
| $\mathbf{3}$ gold | c pitch |
| $\mathbf{4}$ score | d a ball |
| $\mathbf{5}$ football | e medal |

Katie Taylor

5
Fill in can or can't.
1
... A Andy play tennis? Yes, he ... .
2 ... Hikaru play chess? Yes, he ....
3 ... Sally and Katie play football? No, they ... .
4Sally run very fast? Yes, she

6 Which of these sports can/can't you play/do? Tell the class.

- play tennis • play basketball
- play football - play hockey • do karate
- do gymnastics • play chess • do judo

I can play tennis and do martial arts. I can't play hockey or play chess.

## Speaking

7 In pairs ask and answer Yes/No questions based on the text.

A: Is Hikaru American?
$B$ : Yes, he is.

## Listening

## Study Tip

Dobieranie
Przeczytaj polecenie i listę dyscyplin sportowych. Zastanów się, jakie słowa wiążą się z każdym z wymienionych sportów. Słuchaj uważnie, gdyż usłyszysz wszystkie nazwy dyscyplin, choć jedna z nich nie pasuje do żadnej z osób.

sKILLS TASK Listen to David telling his sister what sports his friends can do.
Match the people to the sports. One sport is extra.

| PEOPLE | SPORTS |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ John | A basketball |  |
| 2 Patrick | B tennis |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ Terry | C football |  |
| 4 Paul | D swimming |  |
|  | E running |  |

## Writing

## 9

milusThink of your favourite athletes from your country. Make notes under the headings: Name - Where from - Sport. Use your notes to prepare a poster or a PowerPoint presentation. Use images. Present it to the class.

## Listening skills

## Multiple matching

1 Match the sentences (a-b) to the ones that have the same meaning (1-6).
a I can't stand tennis.
b Tennis is great.
1 I'm good at tennis.
2 Tennis is boring.
3 My favourite sport is tennis.
4 I don't like tennis.
5 I prefer tennis.
6 I like tennis.
Preparing for the task
2
Read the extract. Match the people to the school subjects.
Laura: So, what's your favourite school subject, Sandra? Maths?
Sandra: Maths is OK, but l'm very good at Chemistry. I like it a lot. Jane likes Maths. She's really good with numbers.

## PEOPLE

SUBJECTS
1 Sandra
A Maths
2 Jane
B Chemistry

3 You are going to listen to two people talking about favourite school subjects.
 Listen and match the people to the subjects.
One subject is extra.

## PEOPLE

1 Andy
SUBJECTS
A English
2 Sue
B Maths
3 Jeff
C Chemistry
4 Ania
D History
E Geography

4 Use these adjectives: interesting, boring, difficult, easy to talk about various school subjects.
Maths is


## Multiple choice

## Study Tip

## Wybór wielokrotny

Przeczytaj polecenie, a następnie pytania i warianty odpowiedzi. Znajdź w nich słowa kluczowe. Jeśli tekstom towarzyszą obrazki, zastanów się, z jakimi wyrazami można je skojarzyć. Wystuchaj nagrania i wybierz właściwe odpowiedzi.

5 a) Read the rubric, then read questions 1-5. What can you see in each picture?

You are going to hear five short recordings. For questions 1-5, choose the answer which matches what you have heard (A, B or C).

1 What is Alan good at?



2 Which is Kate's favourite subject?

B


3 Which room is the music lesson in?
A

B

C


4 What can Kim do well?


C


5 Where's Tony from?
A Australia
B the USA
C the UK

b)

SKILLS TASK Do the listening task.

## Pronunciation /s/ /z/ /ız/

## Listen and choose. Then repeat.

|  | $/ \mathbf{s} /$ | $/ \mathbf{z} /$ | $/ \mathbf{z z} /$ |  | $/ \mathbf{s} /$ | $/ \mathbf{z} /$ | $/ \mathbf{z z} /$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| boxes | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | horses | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| balls | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | photos | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| desks | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | lessons | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| boys | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | pens | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |

## Speaking skills

## Everyday English Asking for/Giving personal information

a) Read the first and the last exchange. What is the dialogue about?
b) Read through to find out.
a) Use the questions (A-G) to complete the dialogue. Who is the person in the picture?

```
Mark: Hello, how can I help you?
    Jeff: I'd like to join the reading club.
    Mark: Sure. 1) ...
    Jeff: Jeff. Jeff Brighton.
    Mark: Right. 2)
    Jeff: J-E-double F, B-R-I-G-H-T-O-N
    Mark: 3) \(\ldots\)
    Jeff: I'm from London, England.
    Mark: 4)
    Jeff: I'm 12.
    Mark: 5) ...
    Jeff: 32, King Street.
    Mark: Right. 6) ...
    Jeff: 2WS 72Z
    Mark: Thank you. 7) ...
        Jeff: 209-7736
    Mark: Thanks. Here's your card.
    Jeff: Thank you very much. Goodbye.
```


b) Listen and check.

3 In pairs take roles and read the dialogue aloud.

4 Work in pairs. You want to join the school chess club. Act out a dialogue similar to the one in Ex. 2. Use the phrases (A-G).

## Card A

## Trevor's profile

First name: Trevor
Last name: Milles
Country of origin: the USA

Age: 17
Address: 12, Oak Street
Telephone: 964-2284

## Card $B$

- what/last name?
- where from?
- age?
- address?
- phone number?


## Rubric analysis

Read the rubric. Use the underlined words to complete the sentences.

> Write an email to your new English e-friend ( $50-100$ words). In your email include this information:

- country you are from \& age
- your favourite school subjects
- sports you can do

1 You are going to write ...
2 It is for.
3 It should contain...

## Model analysis

2 Read the email and complete the gaps with the correct word. Then complete the table.


| Name | Matias |
| :--- | :---: |
| Surname | $\ldots$ |
| Country | $\ldots$ |
| Age | $\ldots$ |
| School name | $\ldots$ |
| Favourite school subjects | $\ldots$ |
| Favourite sports | $\ldots$ |

## Word order

In English, the subject (noun, pronoun) is always before the verb. Peter is from London. He is a student. Adjectives go before the noun (Tennis is my favourite sport.), but after the verb to be (Tennis is easy.).

3 Put the words in the correct order.
1 is/Peter/clever - Peter is clever.
2 my favourite/are/subjects/History and English

3 Sue/13 years old/is
4 is/karate/sport/her favourite
5 shy/John/is

4 Correct the sentences.
1 Her sport favourite is hockey.
2 Rosa is clever a girl.
3 He is old 13 years.
4 Maths is my subject favourite.
5 Tom funny is.

## Capital letters

In English we use capital letters when we start a new sentence (He is Qatari) and for: names (Tony), school subjects (History), the personal pronoun I (I'm Tony), days of the week (Monday), months (August) and names of cities (Cracow), countries (Spain) and continents (Asia).

5 Rewrite the sentences using capital letters where necessary.

1 susan is 13 . her favourite subject is geography.
2 peter and laura are from Iondon in england.
3 he is paul and she is anna.
4 i am argentinian.
5 my favourite day is saturday and my favourite month is january.
6 egypt is in africa.

## Linkers and/but

- We use and to link two similar ideas. My favourite sports are hockey and tennis.
- We use but to contrast two ideas. I can play tennis, but I can't play football.

Link the sentences. Use and or but.
1 John can play football. He can play basketball.
2 He can use a computer. He can't paint.
3 She is shy. She is funny.
4 I can run very fast. I can't ride a horse.

## Writing

7 Answer the questions about you.
1 What's your name?
2 How old are you?
3 Where are you from?
4 Are you a student?
5 Which are your favourite school subjects?
6 Which sports are you good at?
7 Which sports aren't you good at?

8
SKILLS TASK Read the rubric. Use your answers in Ex. 7 to complete your email. Use the language in the Useful Language box. Follow the plan.

Write an email to your English friend, (50-100 words).
In your email write:

- where you are from.
- which your favourite school subjects are.
- which sports you can do.


## Useful Language

## Opening remarks

- Hi! • Hello!


## Personal information

- My name's ... • I'm ... years old.
- I'm from ... in ...


## Favourite subjects

- My favourite subjects are ...
- I'm good at - I'm interested in ...
- ... is boring.

Closing remarks

- Write back soon. - Write back.
- Please write back.

$|$| Hi, (friend's first name), |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| (Para 1) | name, age, where from |
| (Para 2) | favourite school subjects/ <br> sports |
| (Para 3) | ask e-friend about his favourite <br> sports/subjects; <br> closing remarks |
| sign off <br> (your full name) |  |

## 000

Hi ...,
My name's ... l'm ... old. I'm from ... in ... .

I'm ... . My favourite subjects are ... . I'm good ... . I can ..., but I can't ... . What about you? ...
Write back soon.
(your full name)

## $\sqrt{1}$ checkliss

When you finish writing your email check for the following:

- grammar mistakes
- use of capital letters
- word order in sentences
- use of linkers
- clear paragraphs
- appropriate opening/closing remarks


## Listening \& Reading

1 Which country can you see on the map? Which is its capital city? Which other countries does it consist of?

$\omega$Listen and read to find out.

The United Kingdom
This is a map of the UK. The UK includes: England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. London is the capital city of the UK and England. English is the official language.
K
ale
s th
and.
ge.

## Progress Check

## Vocabulary

1 write the nationalities.
$\begin{array}{ll}1 & \text { Russia } \\ 2 & \text { Portugal }\end{array}$
3 Mexico
5 the USA
$(5 \times 2=10)$
2 Choose the correct word.
1 They can play/run basketball.
2 She can do/take photos.
3 He can surf/ride the Internet.
4 She can do/play martial arts.
5 He can use/play a musical instrument.
$(5 \times 2=10)$
3 Match the adjectives to the pictures.
1 hardworking
2 clever
3 shy
4 funny
5 brave


## Everyday English

43
Match the two columns.
1 What's the postcode?
A I'm 15.
2 How do you spell it?
B 44, Bell Road.
3 Where are you from?
C It's ZWS 722.
4 What's your home
D B-E-double L. address?
5 How old are you?
E I'm from London in the UK.

6 Complete with: is, are. Then answer the questions.

1 ... you in class C? No, ... .
2 .... her name Carol? No, ... .
3 Are you teachers? No, ... .
4 ... Ted and Mary from Russia? No, ... .
5 ... Steve an orphan? No, .... .
$(5 \times 2=10)$
7 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1 ride/a horse/he/can?
2 can/do/martial arts/she
3 can't/he/a computer/use
4 basketball/play/can/you?
5 fly/l/a plane/can't
$(5 \times 2=10)$
8 Rewrite in the plural as in the example.
1 It's a book. They are books.
2 It's a brush.
3 It's a tomato.
4 It's a school.
5 It's a glass.
6 It's a box.
$(5 \times 2=10)$
9 Complete with who, what, where, how old.
1 "... are you from?" "Greece."
2 "... 's your name?" "George."
3 ".... are you?" "13."
4 "... is she?" "Nelly."
5 "... 's Nelly from?" "Vancouver."

## Grammar

$(5 \times 4=20)$
5 Choose the correct word.
1 She/Her is from China. She/Her name is Lyn.
2 We/Us are 14 years old. How old are they/them?
3 History is me/my favourite subject.
4 I know they/them. They/Them are in my class.
5 That's not you/your glass. It's his/him glass.
$(5 \times 2=10)$

## Grammar in Foous

Fill in the correct form of the words in brackets, choose the correct word or fill in the gap.

1 Sam and Lisa ... (be) American.
2 Daniel can fly/ride a plane.
3 Mai is from China. She is .... .
4 That's my/me watch.
5 ... (he/be) Spanish?
6 They ... (not/be) Polish.

## Skills Practice

## Rozumienie tekstów pisanych

Dobieranie Preparing for the task

$1 \$$Read the texts ( $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{C}$ ) and choose the correct options.

## (A)

Can you play an instrument? Can you sing? Then, join the music club today! We are in room R10 every Friday at $3: 00 \mathrm{pm}$.

## (B) The Golf Shop

You can become a great golf player! Our golf clubs are for professionals! $50 \%$ off all golf shoes! Visit us today!

## (C) Remember:

You can only take out four books at a time.

1 You can see this text in a sports centre/ school.
2 This text is about an after-school club/a musical instrument.

1 You can see this text in a newspaper/ an email.
2 This text is about sports equipment/ a golf coach.

1 You can see this text in a library/bookshop.
2 This text is about the price of books/ borrowing books.

## Study Tip

Przeczytaj teksty i zastanów się, gdzie można natrafić na teksty tego typu i jakie informacje one zawieraja. Następnie przeczytaj zdania i znajdź słowa kluczowe. Pomoże Ci to wykonać zadanie.

## 2

sKILLS TASK Przeczytaj teksty (A-D) i zdania (1-5). Do każdego zdania dobierz właściwy tekst. Jeden $z$ tekstów pasuje do dwóch zdań.

A

## Martial Arts

Every Monday from 4:00-5:00 pm at Preston School $£ 3.00$ per session with professional coach Contact Bob Miles on 0222222222

## B

WORKOUTS

- shorts $£ 2.00$ - jerseys $£ 3.00$
- tracksuits $£ 10.00$ - footballs $£ 4.00$

Monday 21st February ONLY
MILTON HIGH SCHOOL SPORTS AWARDS
For all pupils Friday 10th June Starts at 5pm Entry £2.00
Tickets available at reception

## SPENCER'S

Come and join us at our Summer Sports Camp (Ages 5-10)

- soccer • volleyball • baseball
- hockey - basketball

Contact: 2444696 / spencer@sports
1 You can see this text at a school.
2 You can read this text outside a supermarket.
3 This text invites children to play sports.
4 This text advertises lessons.
5 This text gives information to shoppers.

## Rozumienie ze słuchu

## Prawda/fałsz

## Preparing for the task

Read the sentences (1-3) below. Then replace the underlined words/phrases with appropriate words/phrases from the list.
German parents many languages fast

1 Lukas's mother and father are from Germany.
2 Lukas is very quick.
3 Lukas can speak German, Polish and English.

4 )Read the paragraph and mark the sentences above as $T$ (true) or $F$ (false).
Lukas Podolski is a football superstar. He is German, but his parents are Polish. Lukas can run very fast. He can score goals with his feet and his head! He can speak three languages; German, Polish and English. His nickname is Prince Poldi!

## Study Tip

Przeczytaj zdania i znajdź słowa kluczowe. Ich synonimy (wyrazy o tym samym znaczeniu) można czasem usłyszeć w nagraniu. Zastanów się, jakimi wyrazami można zastąpić kluczowe słowa. Pomoże Ci to w wykonaniu zadania.

## 5 sKILLS TASK Wysłuchaj nagrania

 i zdecyduj, które zdania (1-3) są zgodne z jego treścią ( $T$ - true), a które nie ( $F$ - false).1 Victor's nationality is Polish.
2 Mr Gifford is Victor's Chemistry teacher.
3 Victor can score lots of goals for his football team.

## Rozumienie tekstów pisanych

Dobieranie

## Preparing for the task

1 Match the words in the list to the headings ( A and B ).

- classroom - surf the Internet - lesson
- computer games • sport • subject
- timetable - martial arts

> A A DAY AT SCHOOL
> B AFTER-SCHOOL FUN

Now decide which heading in Ex. 1 best matches the paragraph below. Which words helped you decide?

My school timetable is full every day! English is my first lesson. It's in Classroom R11 at 9 am. It's my favourite subject. I can speak and write it really well.

## Study Tip

Zapoznaj się z nagłówkami i znajdź słowa kluczowe. Następnie przeczytaj tekst i staraj się znaleźć słowa, które mają podobne znaczenie do słów kluczowych w nagłówkach. Pomoże Ci to wykonać zadanie.
sKILLS TASK Przeczytaj tekst. Do każdego akapitu (1-3) dobierz właściwy nagłówek (A-D). Jeden nagłówek został podany dodatkowo.
A THINGS TO DO
C THE LAND
B ITS CULTURE
D ITS PEOPLE

## 1

Great Britain is a large island in the northwest of Europe. It is home to many lakes and rivers including the famous River Thames and Loch Ness. The island is also home to many small animals and plants.

## 2

England, Scotland and Wales are three different countries in the island of Great Britain and along with Northern Ireland, they are part of the United Kingdom. Queen Elizabeth II is the head of all these countries. The population of the whole island is over 58 million people. The main group of people are British. Some people are from other countries. The capital of England and Britain is London. It is a very large city.

## 3

Great Britain has got a lot of customs and traditions. It is the birthplace of famous people like Charles Darwin and William Shakespeare and music bands like The Beatles. It is also home to the famous football teams Liverpool and Manchester United. It is a very interesting place!


## Now I can do these in English

- talk about countries \& nationalities
- talk about sports/school subjects
- talk about abilities
- describe character
- write an informal email
- present myself
- ask for/give personal information
and I can do these SKILLS TASKS
Rozumienie tekstów pisanych: Wypowiedź pisemna:
- dobieranie
- e-mail

Rozumienie ze stuchu:

- dobieranie
- wybór wielokrotny
- prawda/fatsz


[^0]:    - sporting superstar • special abilities • coach
    - chess legend • punch • hard • champion
    - athlete • gold medal • trophy • hit • right arm
    - professional • hurdles • high • hero • fast
    - opponent • score goal • head • football pitch

